POST FALLS SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 273

FINANCIAL STATEMENT JUNE 30, 2015

Post Falls School District No. 273 June 30, 2015

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FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Post Falls School District No. 273 Post Falls, ID 83854

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Post Falls School District No. 273, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Post Falls School District No. 273's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited each fiduciary fund type of Post Falls School District No. 273, as of June 30, 2015, as displayed in the Post Falls School District No. 273's basic financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Post Falls School District No. 273's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Post Falls School District No. 273, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONCLUDED)

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3-8), the schedule of funding progress for postemployment benefit plans (page 41), and budgetary comparison information (pages 42-43) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Post Falls School District No. 273's financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of changes in deposit balances of individual schools, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of changes in deposit balances of individual schools, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of changes in deposit balances of individual schools, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 1, 2015 on our consideration of Post Falls School District No. 273's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Post Falls School District No. 273's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Magnuson, McHugh's Company, P.A.

Magnuson, McHugh, & Co., P.A.

October 1, 2015

FINANCIAL SECTION

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the year ended June 30, 2015

The discussion and analysis of the Post Falls School District's financial performance provides an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year. The analysis focuses on school district financial activities for the fiscal year. Efforts have been made to provide comparison to prior year data when such data is available.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The school district held an election on March 10, 2015 for two separate issues. The first issue was an increase of \$400,000 each year to the supplemental levy which assists the district in providing a quality education to our students. This levy passed with 80.7% of the voters in favor. This increase puts the annual levy to the taxpayers at \$4,655,000 for each of the next two years. The second issue was for a bond levy to complete several facility projects in the amount of \$19.5 million. This issue passed with 79.3% approval of the patrons of the district. The district immediately began construction of a second story on our River City Middle School so that it will be ready for students in September of 2015.
- The school district finished the year with a general fund balance of \$1,065,620 which represents 3.55% of general fund revenues. This is an increase from the prior year of \$359,869. Revenues came in approximately \$105,000 over the budgeted amount and expenditures were reduced by \$210,000 from the budgeted amount. This moves the district general fund balance back to within the district policy recommendation of 3% 5%.
- The State of Idaho's economy continues to grow and recover from the economic recession experienced for the prior several years. Funding for education has increased by 5.7% in the just completed year, and that, combined with the increased supplemental levy, should allow the district to be able to operate the same quality programming.
- The district combined the above mentioned supplemental levy and bond levy passages with a refunding of existing debt incurred by the district to deliver a package which did not increase taxes to the district patrons. This was made possible by a net present value savings of \$275,398 included in the refunding. Moodys assigned an underlying A1 rating to the bond issue and the refunding issue and also removed the negative outlook that it had assigned to the district's debt in September of 2013. The District's bonds also had the benefit of the school bond guaranty program which provided credit enhancement for the bonds further lowering the District's borrowing costs.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This section of the comprehensive annual financial report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis; basic financial statements, including notes to the financial statements; and other required supplementary information.

The basic financial statements consist of two kinds of statements that present different views of the district's financial activities.

- The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information on a district-wide basis. The statements present an aggregate view of the district's finances. District-wide statements contain useful long-term information, as well as information for the just-completed fiscal year.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the district. Fund statements generally report operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the year ended June 30, 2015

The notes to the financial statements provides further explanation of some of the information in the statements and provides additional disclosures so statement users have a complete picture of the district's financial activities and position.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements by including a comparison of the district's budget data for the year.

District-wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the district as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The two district-wide statements report the district's net assets and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the district's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the district's overall financial position.

- Increases or decreases in the district's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial
 position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall financial condition of the district, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the district's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, should be considered.

In the district-wide financial statements, the district's activities are all classified as governmental activities. Governmental activities include all regular and special education, all educational support activities, administration, transportation and food services. Most of these activities are supported by property taxes and formula aid from the State of Idaho.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the district's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds and not on the district as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the district uses to keep track of sources of funding and spending on particular programs and to demonstrate compliance with various regulatory requirements.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The district establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debt) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like capital project funds).

The district has two types of funds.

• Governmental funds – Most of the district's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for funding future basic services. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the district's programs. Governmental fund information does not report on long-term commitments as is reported on the district-wide statements. Therefore an explanation of the differences between the governmental funds and the district-wide statements is included either at the bottom of the governmental funds statements or as a separate statement.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the year ended June 30, 2015

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONCLUDED)

Fiduciary funds – The district serves as a trustee, or fiduciary, for student organizations. The
assets of these organizations belong to the organization, and not the district. The district is
responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended
purposes and only by those to whom the assets belong. These activities are excluded from the
district-wide financial statements because the district cannot use these assets to finance its
operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The District as a Whole

Net Position. Table I, below, provides a summary of the district's net position for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Table 1 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,220,266	\$ 3,899,056
Receivables	4,654,649	4,778,738
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	33,269,591	32,193,366
Total assets	59,144,506	40,871,160
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred pension outflows	2,882,231	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,882,231	
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	254,440	87,806
Accrued payroll and related costs	3,802,758	3,688,625
Interest payable	115,216	162,217
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year	1,575,696	2,643,082
Due in more than one year	24,993,406	8,275,161
Net pension liability	3,283,621	-
Net OPEB obligation	161,227	51,679
Total liabilities	34,186,364	14,908,570
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred pension inflows	7,748,023	
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,748,023	
NET POSITION:		
Net investment in capital assets	6,841,185	21,658,366
Restricted for:		
Debt service	2,103,928	3,247,503
School Lunch	196,997	121,905
Capital Construction	17,337,484	
Plant Facility	237,928	223,735
Federal Title programs	174,701	113,487
Unrestricted	(6,799,873)	597,594
Total net position	\$ 20,092,350	\$ 25,962,590

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the year ended June 30, 2015

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The district's combined net position decreased by 22.6% to \$20,092,350. This represents an overall decrease of \$5,870,240. The decrease in net position is mostly the result of the district implementing GASB 68, the new pension accounting standard.

The district calculation of net position uses a historical cost of school buildings that may not accurately reflect the true value. Post Falls' buildings are in very good condition as a result of sufficient annual operating funds appropriated for maintenance and repair.

Changes in net position. Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position from Operating Results
Government Activities 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
REVENUES:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,255,435	\$ 1,140,722
Operating grants and contributions	4,935,579	4,569,941
General revenues:		
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	4,602,455	4,383,985
Property taxes, levied for debt services	3,142,278	2,689,619
State revenues	25,811,026	24,505,107
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purposes:		
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	(386)
Federal Forest	37,329	40,511
Interest and investment earnings	72,418	66,381
Donated Capital Assets	-	400,000
Miscellaneous	101,706	102,771
Total general revenues and special items	39,958,226	37,898,651
EXPENSES:		
Instructional services:		
Elementary programs	11,594,433	10,852,844
Secondary programs	9,617,421	9,471,005
Alternative school programs	604,598	583,997
Exceptional child programs	3,055,947	2,711,378
Activity programs	422,904	387,778
Other programs	61,528	61,463
Support services:	01,020	01,400
Guidance and health programs	1,119,571	1,137,395
Special services	898,442	811,994
Improvement and media	339,195	327,301
District administration	319,739	319,083
School administration	1,914,753	1,812,667
Business administration	541,531	484,481
Maintenance	3,020,282	3,152,558
Transportation	1,681,094	1,716,726
Security	55,052	1,710,720
Non-instructional services:	33,032	
School lunch	1,973,159	2,303,521
Interest on long-term debt	349,856	417,381
Change in OPEB Obligation	109,548	(12,841)
Unallocated actual PERSI expense	(2,413,724)	(12,041)
•	(1,718,614)	
Change in net pension liability	33,546,715	36,538,731
Total expenses	33,340,715	30,330,731
Change in net position	\$ 6,411,511	\$ 1,359,920

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the year ended June 30, 2015

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONCLUDED)

Changes in net position. (Concluded)

As shown in Table 2, the Post Falls School District relies on local property taxes for 19.4% of its governmental activities. The district had total revenues of \$39.9 million.

Governmental Funds

The district completed the year with a total governmental fund balance of \$21,513,093 which is an increase of 347% from the ending balance in fiscal year 2014 that was \$4,811,482.

- The general fund had an increase in fund balance of \$359,868 for a net total of \$1,065,619 at fiscal year-end. Revenues over and above expenditures in the amount of \$317,678 was the principal reason for this decrease.
- The food service fund had an increase in fund balance of \$75,092. The department ended the fiscal year with a positive fund balance of \$196,997.
- The debt service fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$1,050,163. The fund ended the fiscal year with a fund balance of \$2,230,968. The district prepaid its August 15, 2015 bond payment on GO Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 as part of a second refunding of this issue. This brought the payment into the Fiscal Year 2015 expenses, thus reducing the fund balance.
- The bond capital construction fund had an ending fund balance of \$17,337,484. The district sold bonds in May, 2015 after a voter approved levy was passed on March 10, 2015 for \$19.5 million. Just over \$2.0 million of these funds were expended on projects prior to June 30, 2015.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The district adopts an original budget in June for the subsequent year. The budget is then often amended later in the fiscal year, typically in February or March, following determination of the first attendance period and certification of all levies on property taxes. State revenues are primarily driven through the measurement of attendance for the first nine weeks of the school year. The district amended its budget in the 2014-2015 fiscal year to reflect increases in revenue and expenses.

Stronger than expected collections of state assistance and reimbursements resulted in a favorable variance in total revenues of \$104,546 when comparing final budget to actual. General Fund expenses were down in several programs resulting in a favorable variance of \$210,901. The final result is the general fund ended the fiscal year with a fund balance with a favorable variance of \$315,447 when compared to budget.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Post Falls School District has invested approximately \$60.4 million in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, sites, library books, transportation equipment and other equipment as of the end of fiscal year 2015. Total accumulated depreciation on these assets amounts to \$27.1 million.

 Asset acquisitions for governmental activities totaled \$2,451,078 for the fiscal year. This figure represents \$183,630 in purchases for equipment.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the year ended June 30, 2015

Long Term Debt

At year end the district had \$26.4 million in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding. The district retired \$7,600,000 of outstanding debt. The debt of the district is secured by an annual tax levy authorized by the patrons of the school district by a two-thirds majority vote in 1998 for \$17.97 million and in 2006 for \$10.875 million and again in 2015 for \$19.5 million.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Currently known circumstances that will impact the district's financial status in the future are:

- The existing labor agreement for teachers expires June 30, 2015 however a new agreement was reached which extends the agreement to June 30, 2016.
- The economy of the State of Idaho continues to recover and the forecast for the next fiscal year indicates moderate improvement. State revenues increased by 5.7% for the school districts in the state in this fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the district's finances and to demonstrate the district's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Sid Armstrong, Director of Business Services, Post Falls School District #273, 206 West Mullan Avenue, Post Falls, ID 83854.

FINANCIAL SECTION

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2015

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,220,266
Receivables	4,654,649
Land	1,555,331
Construction in progress	2,169,764
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	29,544,496
Total assets	59,144,506
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0.000.004
Deferred pension outflows Total deferred outflows of resources	2,882,231
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,882,231
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	254,440
Accrued payroll and related costs	3,802,758
Interest payable	115,216
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year:	
Compensated absences	140,696
Long term debt	1,435,000
Due in more than one year:	
Long term debt	24,993,406
Net pension liability	3,283,621
Net OPEB obligation	161,227
Total liabilities	34,186,364
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	7.740.000
Deferred pension inflows Total deferred inflows of resources	7,748,023
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,748,023
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	6,841,185
Restricted for:	
School lunch	196,997
Debt service	2,103,928
Capital projects	17,337,484
Federal title programs	174,701
Unrestricted	(6,561,945)
Total net position	\$ 20,092,350

The accompanying "Notes to the Financial Statements" are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

						Program	Revenu	201	Re	(Expenses) venues and hanges in
					_	Operating		apital		et Position
			CI	harges for		Frants and		nts and	-	vernmental
		Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions	Cont	ributions		Activities
Functions/Programs										
Governmental activities:										
Instructional services:										
Elementary programs	\$	11,594,433	\$	197,213	\$	2,071,678	\$	-	\$	(9,325,542)
Secondary programs		9,617,421		556,225		181,385		-		(8,879,811)
Alternative school programs		604,598		-		-		-		(604,598)
Exceptional child programs		3,055,947		-		1,180,292		-		(1,875,655)
Activity programs		422,904		-		-		-		(422,904)
Other programs		61,528		-		-		-		(61,528)
Support services:										
Guidance and health programs		1,119,571		-		-		-		(1,119,571)
Special services		898,442		-		-		-		(898,442)
Improvement and media		339,195		-		-		-		(339,195)
District administration		319,739		-		-		-		(319,739)
School administration		1,914,753		-		-		-		(1,914,753)
Business administration		541,531		-		-		-		(541,531)
Maintenance		3,020,282		-		-		-		(3,020,282)
Transportation		1,681,094		-		-		-		(1,681,094)
Security		55,052								(55,052)
Non-instructional services:										
School lunch		1,973,159		501,997		1,502,224		-		31,062
Interest and amortization		349,856		-		-		-		(349,856)
Change in OPEB obligation		109,548		-		-		-		(109,548)
Unallocated actual PERSI expense		(2,413,724)		-		-		-		2,413,724
Change in GASB 68 NPL		(1,718,614)	-					-		1,718,614
Total governmental activities	\$	33,546,715	\$	1,255,435	\$	4,935,579	\$	-	\$	(27,355,701)
	G	eneral revenues								
		Property taxes,		d for general i	ourno	200				4,602,455
		Property taxes,				363				3,142,278
		State revenue	, ievie	a for debt serv	vices					25,811,026
		Grants and cor	atribut	ione not reetri	ctod t	to enecific pur	oces.			25,611,020
		Federal Fore		ions not resur	cieu	to specific purp	Juses.			37,329
		Interest and inv		ent earnings						72,418
		Miscellaneous	,000	one carriingo						101,706
		Total gene	ral ra	VANUAS						33,767,212
		rotal gene	iai ic	venues						33,707,212
	Ch	ange in net po	sition							6,411,511
	Ne	et position begi	nning							25,962,590
	Pr	or period adjus	stmen	t						(12,281,751)
	Ne	et position endi	ng						\$	20,092,350

The accompanying "Notes to the Financial Statements" are an integral part of this statement.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2015

	General	Child Nutrition	Debt Service
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,234,372	\$ 159,975	\$ 1,020,145
Accounts receivable:			
Kootenai County	1,922,314	-	1,337,863
State of Idaho	755,587	54,476	-
Other receivable			
Total assets	\$ 4,912,273	\$ 214,451	\$ 2,358,008
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 99,655	\$ 8,347	\$ -
Accrued payroll	3,574,732	9,107	Ψ -
Total liabilities	3,674,387	17,454	
Total habilities	3,014,001	17,404	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	172,267	-	127,040
Total deferred inflows of resources	172,267	-	127,040
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted to:			
School lunch, debt service and capital projects, respectively	_	196,997	2,230,968
State and federal title programs	_	-	-
Assigned to:			
State and federal non title funding	_	_	_
Unassigned	1,065,619	_	_
Total fund balances	1,065,619	196,997	2,230,968
Total falla palatioes	1,000,019	130,331	2,200,000
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 4,912,273	\$ 214,451	\$ 2,358,008
,			

Capital Construction Project	Gov	Other vernmental	Total
\$17,475,820	\$	329,954	\$ 21,220,266
-		5,329 571,704	3,265,506 1,381,767
1,073 \$17,476,893	\$	6,303 913,290	7,376 \$ 25,874,915
\$ 139,409 -	\$	7,029 218,919	\$ 254,440 3,802,758
139,409		225,948	4,057,198
-		5,317 5,317	304,624 304,624
17,337,484		_	19,765,449
-		412,629	412,629
-		269,396 -	269,396 1,065,619
17,337,484		682,025	21,513,093
\$17,476,893	\$	913,290	\$ 25,874,915

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2015

Total fund balances at June 30, 2015 - Governmental funds		\$ 21,513,093
Cost of capital assets at June 30, 2015	\$ 60,405,784	
Less: Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2015	(00.005.440)	
Buildings and portables	(22,805,446)	
Buses and other transportation Equipment and library books	(2,479,480) (1,851,267)	33,269,591
Equipment and library books	(1,031,201)	33,209,391
Elimination of deferred revenue		304,624
Pension liabilities and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of		
resouces related to pensions:		(0.000.004)
Districts proportionate share of the net pension liability		(3,283,621)
Proportionate share of collective deferred outflows of resources		2,882,231
Proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resources		(7,748,023)
Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2015		
Bonds payable	(24,095,000)	
Premium on bonds payable, net of accumulated amortization of \$825,509	(2,333,406)	
Compensated absences	(140,696)	
Net OPEB obligation	(161,227)	
Accrued interest payable	(115,216)	(26,845,545)
Net position at June 30, 2015		\$ 20,092,350

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General	Child Nutrition	Debt Service
REVENUES	\$ 4,387,712	.	2 427 050
Property taxes Interest and investment earnings	\$ 4,387,712 72,418	\$ - \$	3,137,858
Other local revenue	101,706	501,997	-
State assistance and reimbursements	25,489,318	501,551	70,591
Title programs and other federal revenues	23,409,310	1,502,224	70,591
Total revenues	30,051,154	2,004,221	3,208,449
EXPENDITURES			
Instructional services:			
Elementary programs	9,011,182	-	-
Secondary programs	7,955,667	-	-
Alternative school programs	549,808	-	-
Exceptional child programs	1,875,960	-	-
Activity programs	422,904	-	-
Other programs	61,528		<u>-</u>
Total instructional services	19,877,049	-	
Support services: Guidance and health programs	1,119,571	_	_
Special services	898,442	_	_
Improvement and media	337,816	_	_
District administration	319,739	_	_
School administration	1,914,753	_	_
Business administration	523,829	_	_
Maintenance	2,984,585	_	_
Transportation	1,540,806	-	-
Security	55,052	_	_
Total support services	9,694,593		-
Non-instructional services:			
Food services		1,973,159	-
Total non-instructional services		1,973,159	-
Capital outlay	8,091	-	-
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	-	-	3,695,000
Interest	-	-	563,612
Bond issuance costs			11,807
Total debt service	-	-	4,270,419
Total expenditures	29,579,733	1,973,159	4,270,419
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	471,421	31,062	(1,061,970)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	-	44,030	-
Transfers (out)	(111,553)	-	-
Other items related to refunding of bonds:			(0.005.000)
Payments to refunded bond	-	-	(3,905,000)
Proceeds from the issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	3,745,000
Proceeds from original issue premium on refunding bonds	(444 550)	44.000	171,807
Total other financing sources (uses)	(111,553)	44,030	11,807
Net change in fund balance	359,868	75,092	(1,050,163)
Fund balance - beginning	705,751	121,905	3,281,131
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,065,619	\$ 196,997	2,230,968

The accompanying "Notes to Financial Statements" are an integral part of this statement.

Capital		
Construction	Other	
Project	Governmental	Total
\$ -	\$ 4,420	\$ 7,529,990
-	-	72,418
-	232,061	835,764
2,444	1,665,043	27,227,396
	2,575,691	4,077,915
2,444	4,477,215	39,743,483
16,609	2,118,385	11,146,176
13,178	875,505	8,844,350
	54,790	604,598
_	1,179,987	3,055,947
_	1,175,567	422,904
_	_	61,528
29,787	4,228,667	24,135,503
25,101	4,220,007	24,100,000
-	-	1,119,571
-	-	898,442
-	-	337,816
-	-	319,739
-	-	1,914,753
-	-	523,829
-	28,927	3,013,512
-	-	1,540,806
		55,052
-	28,927	9,723,520
_		
		1 072 150
		1,973,159
		1,973,159
2,217,497	225,490	2,451,078
	_	3,695,000
	_	563,612
52,845	_	
52,845		4,323,264
52,645		4,323,204
2,300,129	4,483,084	42,606,524
(2,297,685)	(5,869)	(2,863,041)
(2,201,000)	(0,000)	(2,000,011)
-	67,523	111,553
-	-	(111,553)
-	-	(3,905,000)
17,415,000	-	21,160,000
2,137,845		2,309,652
19,552,845	67,523	19,564,652
17,255,160	61,654	16,701,611
82,324	620,371	4,811,482
		1,011,702
\$ 17,337,484	\$ 682,025	\$ 21,513,093

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Total net changes in fund balances for year ended June 30, 2015	\$ 16,701,611
Add: Capital outlay which is considered expenditures Less: Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2015 Less: Proceeds from long term debt Less: Premium on new and refunding bond	2,451,078 (1,374,853) (21,160,000) (2,309,652)
Elimination of interfund revenues and expenditures: Add: Interfund transfers out Less: Interfund transfers in	111,553 (111,553)
Add: Debt principal retirement considered as an expenditure Less: Change in compensated absences Less: Change in OPEB obligation	7,600,000 (12,614) (109,548)
Add: Difference between interest on long-term debt on modified accrual basis and interest on long-term debt on accrual basis	278,408
Add: Difference between revenue earned on property taxes on modified accrual basis and revenue on property taxes on accrual basis	214,743
Add: Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,413,724
Add: Change in net pension liability	1,718,614
Change in net position for year ended June 30, 2015	\$ 6,411,511

The accompanying "Notes to the Financial Statements" are an integral part of this statement.

AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2015

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 614,019
Total assets	\$ 614,019
LIABILITIES	
Deposits due to others	\$ 614,019
Total liabilities	\$ 614,019

The accompanying "Notes to the Financial Statements" are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNFICIANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Post Falls School District No. 273 (the "School District") operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational and supportive services as mandated by the State of Idaho and/or federal agencies. This Board of Trustees controls the School District's instructional and support facilities.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Post Falls School District No. 273, this includes general operations, school lunch, and debt service and student and supportive service activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The financial statements of Post Falls School District No. 273 have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

<u>New Pronouncements</u> – During the year ended June 30, 2015, the School District implemented GASB No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below:

B. Basis of Presentation – government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

C. Basis of Presentation – fund financial statements

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into two categories; governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of presentation – fund financial statements (Concluded)

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the laws of the State of Idaho.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> – Child nutrition is a program that provides nourishing meals to students in all grades. This program is supplemented by federal funds that are based on reimbursement and participation.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term obligation bonds including principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Capital Construction Project</u> – The capital projects fund accounts for other resources for and the payment of costs that are assigned or legally restricted for maintenance or capital projects.

The School District reports the following non-major governmental fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – The special revenue funds account for other resources for and the payment of costs in which the use is restricted or assigned to a particular purpose.

<u>Capital Projects - Nonmajor</u> – The plant facilities fund accounts for tax revenue sources that are legally restricted for capital improvements

Additionally, the School District reports the following fund types:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The only fund accounted for in this category by the School District is the agency fund. The agency fund accounts for assets held by the School District as an agent for schools and school organizations. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in the governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Concluded)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School District.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting its assets and liabilities.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

In the following funds, cash received by the School District is pooled for investment purposes and is presented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements: General fund, child nutrition fund, debt service fund, capital projects, and other governmental. Interest earned in the pooled accounts is allocated to the participating funds in proportion to the average daily balances in each fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents (Concluded)

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, investments were limited to the Idaho State Investment Pool and the Diversified Bond Fund. The Idaho State Investment Pool and Diversified Bond Fund are investment pools, which allow school districts within the state of Idaho to pool their funds for investment purposes. Investments in Idaho State Investment Pool and the Diversified Bond Fund are valued at their fair market value.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments in the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

F. Capital Assets

General capital assets typically result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of four thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements and interest incurred during the construction of capital assets are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure of the School District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings and improvements	40 years
Modulars	15 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Library books	10 years
Buses	10 years
Other vehicles	5 years

G. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations (Concluded)

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments and the noncurrent portion of capital leases, which will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premiums and bond discounts. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses in the year incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums, bond discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources.

H. Compensated Absences

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability. The benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees who qualify.

Sick leave benefits are not accrued as a liability, since sick leave benefits are only paid when used and not upon termination.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The district only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred outflows relating to the accounting for the net pension obligation on the government-wide statement of net position, in accordance with GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Concluded)

The District has one type of item, which arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The District has one type of item, which arises under full accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resources, is reported only on the government-wide statement of net position. The government-wide statement of net position reports proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resources from one source: accounting for the net pension obligation, in accordance with GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

J. Fund Balance Classifications

The School District has adopted GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (required implementation date of June 2011). This Statement establishes criteria for classifying governmental fund balances into specifically defined classifications. Classifications are hierarchical and are based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds may be spent. Application of the Statement requires the School District to classify and report amounts in the appropriate fund balance classifications. The School District's accounting and finance policies are used to interpret the nature and/or requirements of the funds and their corresponding assignment of nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

The School District reports the following classifications:

Nonspendable Fund Balance — Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: (a) not in spendable form—such as inventory or prepaid insurance, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact—such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity.

Restricted Fund Balance — Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restrictions are placed on fund balances when legally enforceable legislation establishes a specific purpose for the funds—such as the School District's federal award revenue, which must be used to fund federally defined title programs. Legal enforceability means that the School District can be compelled by an external party (e.g., citizens, public interest groups, the judiciary) to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed Fund Balance — Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by the Board of Trustees. Amounts in the committed fund balance classification may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Fund Balance Classifications (Concluded)

Assigned Fund Balance — Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: (a) the Director of Finance, or (b) an appointed body (e.g., a budget or finance committee) or official to which the Trustees have delegated the authority to assign, modify, or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balance includes: (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the general fund) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed, and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund, are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type. Assignment within the general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the School District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance — Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents general fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

K. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the School District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance o have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balances. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

L. Net Position Flow Assumptions

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Sometimes the School District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restrict bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restrict – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

M. Property Taxes

Property taxes levied each November based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous September tax rolls. Assessed values are an approximation of market value. The County Assessor establishes assessed values. Property tax payments are due in one-half installments in December and June. Property taxes become a lien on the property when it is levied.

N. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Trustees and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

O. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, debt service, and capital project funds. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the general fund, special revenue funds, and debt service funds. This is in conformance with Idaho State Statutes which require that appropriations lapse at the end of a fiscal year and are not available to be carried forward to be used in addition to the succeeding year's appropriation.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

a) The School District publishes a proposed budget for public review.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

b) Public hearings are set to obtain taxpayer comments.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONCLUDED)

- c) Prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the Board of Trustees and published.
- d) The final budget is then filed with the State Department of Education. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the budget was amended to reflect revised revenue and expense estimates. The amendment was properly approved by the Board of Trustees.

<u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u> – At the close of each year all unspent appropriations revert to the respective funds from which they were appropriated and become subject to future appropriation.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the School District's investments and deposits. The School District is authorized to invest in demand deposits, savings accounts, U.S. Government obligations and its agencies, obligations of Idaho and its agencies, fully collateralized repurchase agreements, prime domestic commercial paper, prime domestic bankers acceptances, bonds, debentures or notes of any corporation organized, controlled and operating within the U.S. which have at their purchase an "A" rating or higher, government pool and money market funds consisting of any of these securities listed. No violations of these categories have occurred during the year.

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a financial institution, the School District's deposits and investments may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2015, the School District's deposits and investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk. The School District's deposits and investments are insured and collateralized as follows:

Deposits without exposure to custodial credit risk:

Deposits:

Amount insured by FDIC or other agencies	\$ 2,477,093
Amount collateralized with securities held in trust, but not in the District's name	20,834,957
Total deposits without exposure to custodial credit risk	\$ 23,312,050

The carrying amount of deposits is displayed in the statements as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,220,266
Student body agency funds	614,019
Total carrying value of cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,834,285

Fair Value:

The School District's investments in 2a-7-like pools are valued based upon the value of pool shares. The School District invests in two 2a-7-like pools, the Idaho State Investment Pool and the Idaho Diversified Bond Fund. The advisory board of the Idaho State Investment Pool and the Idaho Diversified Bond Fund are composed of members appointed pursuant to the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act. The State Investment Pool and the Idaho Diversified Bond

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

Fund are duly chartered and administered by the State Treasurer's office and consists of US Treasury bills and notes, collateralized certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONCLUDED)

The balances that the School District has in the State Investment Pool are carried at its market value of \$7,834,957. The School District's portion of the State Investment Pool had an unrealized gain of \$11,752. This amount has been recognized as a component of interest and investment earnings for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015.

The School District considers funds held in the State Investment Pool to be cash equivalents, as the School District is able to liquidate their account at any time.

Credit Risk:

The Idaho State Investment Pool does not have an established credit rating, but invests in entities with a minimum credit rating of "A" as stipulated by Idaho code. Financial information on the investment pool can be obtained by contacting the Idaho State Treasurer.

NOTE 4: RECEIVABLES

The receivables as of June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

 Taxes receivable
 \$3,265,506

 State of Idaho
 1,381,767

 Other
 7,376

 \$4,654,649

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Following is a recap of capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	
Nondepreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 1,555,331	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,555,331	
Construction-in-progress	-	2,169,764	-	2,169,764	
Total nondepreciable capital assets	1,555,331	2,169,764		3,725,095	
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings and sites	50,719,614	-	-	50,719,614	
Portable classrooms	582,943	-	-	582,943	
Buses	2,633,614	97,684	-	2,731,298	
Other vehicles	170,328	-	=	170,328	
Equipment	2,162,090	183,630	=	2,345,720	
Library books	130,786			130,786	
Total depreciable capital assets	56,399,375	281,314		56,680,689	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and sites	21,087,818	1,134,685	_	22,222,503	
Portable classrooms	582,943	-,	_	582,943	
Buses	2,221,001	108,262	_	2,329,263	
Other vehicles	143,117	7,100	-	150,217	
Equipment	1,601,189	123,429	-	1,724,618	
Library books	125,272	1,377	-	126,649	
Total accumulated depreciation	25,761,340	1,374,853		27,136,193	
Total depreciable capital assets, net	30,638,035	(1,093,539)		29,544,496	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 32,193,366	\$ 1,076,225	\$ -	\$ 33,269,591	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONCLUDED)

Depreciation expense of \$1,374,853 for the year ended June 30, 2015 was charged to the following governmental functions:

INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES:

Elementary	\$ 448,257
Secondary	773,071
Improvement and media	1,379
Business administration	5,088
Maintenance	6,770
Transportation	140,288
	\$ <u>1,374,853</u>

Following is a recap of the June 30, 2015 balances by generic location:

	Elementary		Secondary		Administration		Total	
Land	\$	527,702	\$	1,025,534	\$	2,095	\$ 1,555,331	
Construction in process		773,825		1,395,939		-	2,169,764	
Buildings and portables		18,921,242		31,104,340		1,276,975	51,302,557	
Buses and other vehicles		-		-		2,901,626	2,901,626	
Equipment		1,033,396		972,717		339,607	2,345,720	
Library books		34,349		96,437		-	 130,786	
	\$	21,290,514	\$	34,594,967	\$	4,520,303	\$ 60,405,784	

NOTE 6: ACCRUED PAYROLL AND VACATION BENEFITS

Accrued payroll includes amounts due to contracted teachers and other employees at June 30, 2015, which were not paid until July and August 2015, in conformity with contractual stipulations.

NOTE 7: BONDS PAYABLE

On July 26, 2006, the School District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006A (Tax-Exempt) in the amount of \$9,750,000 and 2006B (Taxable) in the amount of \$990,000. The proceeds of these bonds were used to finance the construction of a new elementary school, the eight classroom addition to the high school and a new transportation building as well as provide funds for the purchase of a second high school site for the future.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, 2006A (Tax-Exempt) & 2006B (Taxable)

Year Ending	Interest				
June 30,	Rate	Principal	I	nterest	Total
2016	4.50%	\$ 1,435,000	\$	99,788	\$ 1,534,788
2017	4.50%	1,500,000		33,750	1,533,750
		\$ 2,935,000	\$	133,538	\$ 3,068,538

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 7: BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

On May 21, 2015, the School District advance refunded the 2005A Series General Obligation bonds in the amount of \$5,085,000. Of this, the District paid early \$1,180,000 of bonds originally due on August 15, 2015 and the balance of \$3,905,000 was paid by establishing an escrow in an account to pay off the bonds that were callable on that same day. Funds in the escrow account were to be used to pay in advance of their stated maturity the refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be deceased and the liability has been removed from the Statement of Net Assets. The advance refunding was undertaken to reduce future debt service payments by \$251,702 and resulted in an economic gain of \$275,398.

GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS, 2015A

SERIES 2015A REFUNDING BONDS

Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rate	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2016		\$ -	\$ 82,023	\$ 82,023
2017	2.00%	50,000	111,350	161,350
2018	3.00%	1,820,000	83,550	1,903,550
2019	3.00%	1,875,000	28,125	1,903,125
		\$ 3,745,000	\$ 305,048	\$ 4,050,048

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 7: BONDS PAYABLE (CONCLUDED)

GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS, 2015B

Year Ending	Interest			
June 30,	Rate	Principal	Interest	Total
2016		\$ -	\$ 558,690	\$ 558,690
2017		-	761,850	761,850
2018		-	761,850	761,850
2019		-	761,850	761,850
2020	4.00%	790,000	746,050	1,536,050
2021	4.00%	820,000	713,850	1,533,850
2022	4.00%	855,000	680,350	1,535,350
2023	4.00%	890,000	645,450	1,535,450
2024	4.00%	925,000	609,150	1,534,150
2025	4.00%	960,000	571,450	1,531,450
2026	4.00%	1,000,000	532,250	1,532,250
2027	4.00%	1,040,000	491,450	1,531,450
2028	4.00%	1,080,000	449,050	1,529,050
2029	5.00%	1,125,000	399,325	1,524,325
2030	5.00%	1,180,000	341,700	1,521,700
2031	4.00%	1,240,000	287,400	1,527,400
2032	4.00%	1,290,000	236,800	1,526,800
2033	5.00%	1,340,000	177,500	1,517,500
2034	5.00%	1,405,000	108,875	1,513,875
2035	5.00%	1,475,000	36,875	1,511,875
		\$ 17,415,000	\$ 9,871,765	\$ 27,286,765

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 8: CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT AND CURRENT MATURITIES

	Total General Obligation Bonds Payable	
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 10,790,161	
New debt - 2015A Series Refunding Bonds 2015A Refunding bonds premium Payment of principal2015A refunding bonds	3,745,000 171,807 -	
Amortization of bond premium-2015A bonds	(4,405)	
New debt2015 B Bonds 2015B Bonds premium less underwriter's discount Amortization of 2015B bond premiums Payment of principal2015B bondsnone	17,415,000 2,137,845 (9,255)	
Payment of principal - 2006A & 2006B Bonds Amortization of bond premium-2006 bonds	(1,370,000) (24,943)	
Payment of principal -2005 GO Refunding Bonds Refunding of 2005 GO Refunding bonds Payment of principal - new bonds	(1,145,000) (5,085,000) -	
Amortization of bond premium - refunded bonds Amortization of bond premium - new bonds	(192,804) -	
Balance, end of year	\$ 26,428,406	
Current portion Long-term portion, net of premium	\$ 1,435,000 24,993,406 26,428,406	
	 2, := 2, : 20	

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions this past year and amounts due within the next year:

Compensated						
Bonds Payable			bsences	Total		
\$	10,790,161	\$	128,082	\$	10,918,243	
	23,469,652		-		23,469,652	
	(231,407)		-		(231,407)	
	(7,600,000)		12,614		(2,413,868)	
	26,428,406		140,696		31,742,620	
	1,435,000		140,696		2,643,082	
\$	24,993,406	\$	-	\$	29,099,538	
	\$	\$ 10,790,161 23,469,652 (231,407) (7,600,000) 26,428,406 1,435,000	Bonds Payable A \$ 10,790,161 \$ 23,469,652 (231,407) (7,600,000) 26,428,406 1,435,000	Bonds Payable Absences \$ 10,790,161 \$ 128,082 23,469,652 - (231,407) - (7,600,000) 12,614 26,428,406 140,696 1,435,000 140,696	Bonds Payable Absences \$ 10,790,161 \$ 128,082 \$ 23,469,652 - - (231,407) - - (7,600,000) 12,614 - 26,428,406 140,696 - 1,435,000 140,696 -	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

Post Falls School District contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan, as of June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	40,776
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	11,504
Active plan members	66,223
	<u>118,503</u>

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by stature at 60% (72%) of the employer rate. As of June 30, 2014 it was 6.79% (8.36%). The employer contribution rate is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% (11.66%) of covered compensation. Post Falls School District's contributions were \$2,413,724 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, Post Falls School District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At July 1, 2014, the District's proportion was 0.7646 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension revenue of \$1,718,613. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 red Inflows of esources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 698,666	
Changes of assumptions		468,507	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		_	7,049,357	
Post Falls School District contributions subsequent to the measurement		2,413,724	 	
Total	\$	2,882,231	\$ 7,748,023	

\$2,413,724 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2015.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2013 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 is 5.6 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2015	

 2016
 \$ 1,812,374

 2017
 \$ 1,812,374

 2018
 \$ 1,812,374

 2019
 \$ 30,021

\$ 1,812,374

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assume exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25%
Salary increases 4.5-10.25%
Salary inflation 3.75%

Investment rate of return 7.1%, net of investment expenses

Cost of Living (COLA) adjustments 1.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP - 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed in 2012 for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2011 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2014 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2014.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2014.

			Long-Term	
		Target	Exected Rate	
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	of Return	
Core Fixed Income	Barclays Aggregate	30.00%	0.80%	
Broad US Equities	Wilshire 5000 / Russell 3000	55.00%	6.90%	
Developed Foreign Equities	MSCI EAFE	15.00%	7.55%	
Assumed Inflation - Mean			3.25%	
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation			2.00%	
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return			8.42%	
Portfolio Standard Deviation			13.34%	
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Rate of Retu	ırn		7.50%	
Assumed Investment Expenses				
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return, Ne	t of investment expenses		7.10%	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONCLUDED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.10%)	 ent Discount ite (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)	
Employer's net pension liability (asset) - Employer	\$19,545,442	\$ 5,628,300	\$ (5,940,902)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2015, the District had no payables to the defined benefit pension plan for legally required employer contributions or for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 10: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The School District participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs including the National Child Nutrition Program, Title I, Title VI-B, and Carl Perkins grants. These programs are subject to further review and audit by the grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT

Post Falls School District No. 273 is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The School District contracts with an insurance company for property insurance and general liability insurance.

General and professional liability is protected by an outside insurance company with a \$2,000,000 single occurrence limit, \$5,000,000 aggregate limit and a deductible of \$2,500. Vehicles are also covered by the same insurance company and have a \$1,000 deductible for comprehensive and collision. Automobile liability has a \$3,000,000 combined single limit of liability.

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a predetermined rate. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Post Falls School District No. 273 provides medical and dental insurance to most employees.

NOTE 12: POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

Plan Description. Post Falls School District No. 273 operates a single – employer retiree benefit plan that provides post-employment comprehensive medical and dental benefits to all Post Falls School District employees who retire and satisfy the eligibility requirements for PERSI. Eligibility for Post Falls School District post-employment benefits is tied to pension eligibility under PERSI. Thus, all members receiving post-employment benefits are also members in the PERSI retirement plan.

Funding Policy. The School District had not established a fund to supplement the costs for the net OPEB obligation. Contributions are made on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The School District's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the School District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 218,612
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 129
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	218,741
Estimated contributions made	(109,193)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	109,548
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 51,679
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 161,227

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 12: POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The School Districts annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
6/30/2013	\$233,341	83%	\$64,521		
6/30/2014	\$229,071	106%	\$51,679		
6/30/2015	\$218,740	50%	\$161,227		

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of July 1, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0.0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1.45 million, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2.43 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$21.19 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 7 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

NOTE 12: POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONCLUDED)

In the July 1, 2012, actuarial valuation, the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 9.2 percent investment rate of return (net of investment expenses), calculated based on the expected return on the School District's general funds at the valuation date. Health care cost trend rates for medical is 4.9% for the first vear and then starting in 2013 9.0% decreasing by half percent decrements until leveling off at 5% at 2021. Health care cost trend rates for Prescription Drugs is 9.2% for the first year and then starting in 2012 9.0% decreasing by one percent decrements until leveling off at 5% at 2021. Health care cost trend rates for Dental is 0.0% for the first year and then starting in 2013 8.0% decreasing by half percent decrements until leveling off at 5% at 2021. Retiree contribution increases for medical and prescription drugs is 4.9% for the first year and then starting in 2013 9.0% decreasing by .6% increments until leveling off at 5% at 2021. Retiree contribution increases for dental is 2.0% for the first year and then starting in 2013 9.0% decreasing by half percent increments until leveling off at 5% at 2021. The UAAL is amortized as a level percentage of the projected salaries of present and future members of the School District, on an open basis, over a 25-year period from the valuation date. General wage increase and assumed payroll growth is 2.5 percent. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2012, was twenty five years.

NOTE 13: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 the District transferred \$111,553 out of the General Fund. This transfer was to cover employer payroll taxes for the Child Nutrition Fund in the amount of \$44,030 and bus depreciation in the Bus Depreciation Fund in the amount of \$67,523.

NOTE 14: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Beginning fund balance for the government-wide governmental activities was adjusted in order to implement GASB 68, the new pension accounting standard, which became effective this year. Accordingly, beginning fund balance was decreased by a net \$12,281,751, deferred outflows of resources were increased by \$2,344,679, and the beginning balance of the District's proportional share of the pension plan's collective net pension liability was established at \$14,626,430. See Note 9 for further disclosures on the pension plan and related accounting.

FINANCIAL SECTION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Actua Valua Dat	tion	٧	tuarial alue Assets (a)	-	Actuarial Accrued Ibility (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a) /c)
July 1,	2010	\$	-	\$	1,449,512	\$ 1,449,512	0%	\$ 21,191,957	7%
July 1,	2012	\$	-	\$	2,429,179	\$ 2,429,179	0%	\$ 21,586,755	11%
July 1,	2014	\$	-	\$	1,864,877	\$ 1,864,877	0%	\$ 22,030,738	8%

The accompanying "Notes to the Financial Statements" are an integral part of this statement.

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 4,470,000	\$ 4,470,000	\$ 4,387,712	\$ (82,288)	
Interest and investment earnings	60,000	60,000	72,418	12,418	
Other local revenue	53,323	53,323	101,706	48,383	
State assistance and reimbursements	25,140,939	25,363,285	25,489,318	126,033	
Total revenues	29,724,262	29,946,608	30,051,154	104,546	
EXPENDITURES					
Instructional services:					
Elementary programs	9,082,073	9,060,073	9,011,182	48,891	
Secondary programs	8,168,301	8,107,861	7,955,667	152,194	
Alternative school programs	577,883	577,883	549,808	28,075	
Exceptional child programs	1,750,614	1,823,854	1,875,960	(52,106)	
Activity programs	488,005	488,005	422,904	65,101	
Other programs	60,065	60,065	61,528	(1,463)	
Total instructional services	20,126,941	20,117,741	19,877,049	240,692	
Support services:					
Guidance and health programs	1,082,978	1,082,978	1,119,571	(36,593)	
Special services	808,937	843,512	898,442	(54,930)	
Improvement and media	333,289	333,289	337,816	(4,527)	
District administration	325,837	325,837	319,739	6,098	
School administration	1,894,370	1,907,920	1,914,753	(6,833)	
Business administration	527,493	527,493	523,829	3,664	
Maintenance	2,919,587	2,964,587	2,984,585	(19,998)	
Transportation	1,526,420	1,570,420	1,540,806	29,614	
Security	83,000	83,000	55,052	27,948	
Total support services	9,501,911	9,639,036	9,694,593	(55,557)	
Capital outlay	2,500	2,500	8,091	(5,591)	
Total expenditures	29,631,352	29,759,277	29,579,733	179,544	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	92,910	187,331	471,421	284,090	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	50,000	-	-	-	
Transfers (out)	(142,910)	(142,910)	(111,553)	31,357	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(92,910)	(142,910)	(111,553)	31,357	
Net change in fund balances	-	44,421	359,868	315,447	
Fund balances - beginning		705,751	705,751		
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ 750,172	\$ 1,065,619	\$ 315,447	

The accompanying "Notes to the Financial Statements" are an integral part of this statement.

CHILD NUTRITION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget Amounts				
	Final *		Actual		ance with al Budget
REVENUES					
Other local revenue	\$	628,727	\$	501,997	\$ (126,730)
Title programs and other federal revenues		1,560,000		1,502,224	 (57,776)
Total revenues		2,188,727		2,004,221	 (184,506)
EXPENDITURES					
Non-instructional services:					
Food services		2,222,365		1,973,159	249,206
Capital Outlay		18,000			 18,000
Total expenditures		2,240,365		1,973,159	 267,206
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(51,638)		31,062	82,700
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in		51,638		44,030	(7,608)
Total other financing sources		51,638		44,030	(7,608)
Net change in fund balances		-		75,092	75,092
Fund balances - beginning		-		121,905	 121,905
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	196,997	\$ 196,997

The accompanying "Notes to the Financial Statements" are an integral part of this statement.

^{*} Budget was not amended

GASB 68 Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years *

	June 30,		
	2015		
Employer's portion of the net pension liability		0.7646%	
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	5,628,300	
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	20,665,425	
Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		27.24%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		94.95%	

Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years *

	June 30, 2015				
Statutorily required contribution	\$	2,402,598			
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		2,402,598			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-			
Employer's covered-employee payroll of its covered employee payroll	\$	21,219,407			
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.32%			

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Employer will present information for those years for which information is available.

FINANCIAL SECTION

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - BY FUND TYPE June 30, 2015

		Special Revenue	lonmajor Capital Projects	Total	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	85,632	\$ 244,322	\$	329,954
Accounts receivable:					
Kootenai County		-	5,329		5,329
State of Idaho		571,704	-		571,704
Other receivable		6,303	 		6,303
Total assets	\$	663,639	\$ 249,651	\$	913,290
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	7,029	\$ _	\$	7,029
Accrued payroll	•	218,919	-		218,919
Total liabilities		225,948	-		225,948
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenues- property taxes		-	5,317		5,317
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	5,317		5,317
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted		174,701	237,928		412,629
Assigned		262,990	6,406		269,396
Total fund balances		437,691	244,334		682,025
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	663,639	\$ 249,651	\$	913,290

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BY FUND TYPE For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

DEVENUE		Special evenue	Nonmajor Capital Projects			Total	
REVENUES	φ		¢.	4.400	Φ	4 400	
Property taxes Other local revenue	\$	-	\$	4,420	\$	4,420	
State assistance and reimbursements		232,061		249.672		232,061	
		1,416,370		248,673		1,665,043	
Title programs and other federal revenues		2,575,691		-		2,575,691	
Total revenues	-	4,224,122		253,093		4,477,215	
EXPENDITURES							
Instructional services:							
Elementary programs		2,000,787		117,598		2,118,385	
Secondary programs		775,471		100,034		875,505	
Alternative school program		54,790		-		54,790	
Exceptional child program		1,179,987		-		1,179,987	
Support services:							
Maintenance		-		28,927		28,927	
Capital outlay		131,825		93,665		225,490	
Total expenditures		4,142,860		340,224		4,483,084	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		81,262		(87,131)		(5,869)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers in		-		67,523		67,523	
Total other financing sources		-		67,523		67,523	
Net change in fund balances		81,262		(19,608)		61,654	
Fund balance beginning		356,429		263,942		620,371	
Fund balances - ending	\$	437,691	\$	244,334	\$	682,025	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2015

	Forest Reserve Fund			Before an After Scho Medicaid Program		er School	amily sources
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	47,079	\$	(36,408)	\$	87,585	\$ -
Accounts receivable:							
State of Idaho		-		130,249		1,258	-
Other receivable		-		-		-	-
Total assets	\$	47,079	\$	93,841	\$	88,843	\$
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	35	\$	-	\$ -
Accrued payroll		-		2,590		1,081	-
Total liabilities		-	_	2,625		1,081	-
FUND BALANCE							
Restricted		-		-		-	-
Assigned		47,079		91,216		87,762	-
Total fund balances		47,079		91,216		87,762	 -
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	47,079	\$	93,841	\$	88,843	\$ -

Rural		School			Vocational			
Nursing		Building		Driver				
 Grant	Mai	intenance	Education		P	rogram		
\$ 44,706	\$	85,122	\$	(1,218)	\$	(8,211)		
-		-		20,517		12,929		
-		-		-		-		
\$ 44,706	\$	85,122	\$	19,299	\$	4,718		
\$ -	\$	-	\$	535	\$	24		
 7,773		-		239		-		
7,773		-		774		24		
-		85,122		18,525		4,694		
36,933		-		-		-		
 36,933		85,122		18,525		4,694		
\$ 44,706	\$	85,122	\$	19,299	\$	4,718		

Public School			ig Free State	Po	nderosa	Mullan Trail		
Te	chnology	N	loney	ľ	T Grant	IT Grant		
•	47.004	Φ.		•	44.000	Φ.	0.750	
\$	17,284	\$	-	\$	41,282	\$	6,759	
	-		-		-		-	
_	47.004	_		•	- 44.000	_		
\$	17,284	\$		\$	41,282	\$	6,759	
\$	3,501	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		-		4,148		-	
	3,501		-		4,148		-	
	13,783		-		37,134		6,759	
	-		-		-		-	
	13,783		-		37,134		6,759	
\$	17,284	\$	-	\$	41,282	\$	6,759	

Title 1				Т	itle VI-B	Carl			
Disa	advantaged	1	Title VI-B	Pr	eschool		Perkins		
\$	(89,326)	\$	(97,840)	\$	(2,285)	\$	-		
	197,572		173,041		4,934		-		
	-		-		-		-		
\$	108,246	\$	75,201	\$	2,649	\$	-		
			_						
	135	\$	150	\$	2,649	\$	-		
	108,111		75,051		-		-		
	108,246		75,201		2,649		-		
	-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		
	-				-		-		
\$	108,246	\$	75,201	\$	2,649	\$			

Eis	senhower				
Ma	th/Science	Co	mmunity		
D	DEMSEA	G	Garden		Total
\$	(11,278)	\$	2,381	\$	85,632
	31,204		-		571,704
			6,303		6,303
\$	19,926	\$	\$ 8,684		663,639
\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,029
	19,926		-		218,919
	19,926		-		225,948
	-		8,684		174,701
	-		-		262,990
	-		8,684		437,691
\$	19,926	\$	8,684	\$	663,639

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Forest Reserve Fund		Medicaid		Before and After School Program		Family Resources	
REVENUES								
Local revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	197,213	\$	-
State assistance and reimbursements		-		522,800		19,938		-
Title programs and other federal revenues		37,329		-		-		-
Total revenues		37,329		522,800		217,151		-
EXPENDITURES Instructional services: Elementary programs Secondary programs Alternative school program Exceptional child program Capital outlay		- - - -		- 587,747 - - -		183,876 - - - -		- 8,840 - - -
Total expenditures				587,747		183,876		8,840
Net change in fund balance		37,329		(64,947)		33,275		(8,840)
Fund balances - beginning		9,750		156,163		54,487		8,840
Fund balances - ending	\$	47,079	\$	91,216	\$	87,762	\$	-

Rural Nursing Grant		School Building Maintenance		Driver ducation	Vocational Program		
\$	- 70,059	\$	- -	\$ 33,425 22,185	\$	- 43,095	
	70,059		<u>-</u>	 55,610		43,095	
	46,828 -		-	- 47,138		- 34,251	
	-		-	-		9,002	
	46,828		<u> </u>	 47,138		43,253	
	23,231		-	8,472		(158)	
_	13,702	_	85,122	 10,053		4,852	
\$	36,933	\$	85,122	\$ 18,525	\$	4,694	

	Public Drug Free								
School			State	Po	onderosa	Mullan Trail			
Te	chnology		Money		T Grant	IT Grant			
\$		\$		\$		\$			
Φ	- 245,448	Ф	- 38,470	Ф	- 249,910	Ф	- 204,465		
	240,440		30,470		249,910		204,405		
	245,448		38,470		249,910	204,465			
	240,440		30,470		243,310		204,403		
	102,895		-		212,776		197,706		
	-		38,470		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		
	131,825		-		-		-		
	234,720		38,470		212,776		197,706		
	10,728		-		37,134		6,759		
	3,055								
\$	13,783	\$		\$	37,134	\$	6,759		

Title 1 Disadvantage	ed Ti	Title VI-B		itle VI-B eschool	Carl Perkins			
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
-	_	-		-		-		
1,129,04		,147,598		32,694		77,635		
1,129,04	0 1	,147,598		32,694		77,635		
1,127,66	5	-		-		-		
-		-		-		52,025		
-		-		-		37,695		
-	1	,147,293		32,694		-		
-		-		-		-		
1,127,66	<u> </u>	,147,293		32,694		89,720		
1,37	5	305		-		(12,085)		
·						, , ,		
(1,37	5)	(305)				12,085		
			_					
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$			

Eis	senhower						
Ma	th/Science	Co	mmunity				
DDEMSEA			Garden	Total			
\$	-	\$	1,423	\$	232,061		
	-		-		1,416,370		
	136,041		15,354		2,575,691		
	136,041		16,777		4,224,122		
	129,041		-		2,000,787		
	7,000		-		775,471		
	-		8,093		54,790		
	-		-		1,179,987		
	-		-		131,825		
	136,041		8,093		4,142,860		
	-		8,684		81,262		
	-				356,429		
\$	-	\$	8,684	\$	437,691		

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2015

	Lottery Fund		Plant Facility Fund		-	Bus reciation Fund	Total	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,406	\$	228,143	\$	9,773	\$	244,322
Accounts receivable - Kootenai County		-		5,329				5,329
Total assets	\$	6,406	\$	233,472	\$	9,773	\$	249,651
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total liabilities						-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenues- property taxes		-		5,317		-		5,317
Total deferred inflows of resources				5,317		-		5,317
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		-		228,155		9,773		237,928
Assigned		6,406		-		-		6,406
Total fund balances		6,406		228,155		9,773		244,334
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								
and fund balances	\$	6,406	\$	233,472	\$	9,773	\$	249,651

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	 Lottery Fund	Plant Facility Fund		Bus Depreciation Fund		Total	
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	4,420	\$	-	\$	4,420
Other State revenue	 248,673		-		-		248,673
Total revenues	 248,673		4,420		-		253,093
EXPENDITURES							
Instructional services:							
Elementary programs	\$ 117,598	\$	-	\$	-	\$	117,598
Secondary programs	100,034		-		-		100,034
Support services:			-				
Maintenance	28,927		-		-		28,927
Capital outlay	 -		-		93,665		93,665
Total expenditures	246,559				93,665		340,224
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 2,114		4,420		(93,665)		(87,131)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers in	-		-		67,523		67,523
Total other financing sources	-		-		67,523		67,523
Net change in fund balances	2,114		4,420		(26,142)		(19,608)
Fund balances - beginning	 4,292		223,735		35,915		263,942
Fund balances - ending	\$ 6,406	\$	228,155	\$	9,773	\$	244,334

AGENCY FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN DEPOSIT BALANCES OF INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

School	Jun	Cash June 30, 2014		Receipts		Disbursements		Cash e 30, 2015
Westridge Elementary	\$	31,832	\$	61,288	\$	56,426	\$	36,694
Kindergarten Center		4,668		25,168		18,346		11,490
Prairie View Elementary		21,114		65,448		61,491		25,071
Ponderosa Elementary		44,945		63,785		50,223		58,507
Seltice Elementary		16,701		40,497		37,428		19,770
Mullan Trail Elementary		23,944		45,381		33,794		35,531
Post Falls Middle School		61,294		90,044		93,966		57,372
River City Middle School		30,640		76,397		74,716		32,321
Post Falls High School		246,661		883,711		818,669		311,703
New Vision High School		24,584		17,964		16,988		25,560
	\$	506,383	\$	1,369,683	\$	1,262,047	\$	614,019





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Post Falls School District No. 273 Post Falls, ID 83854

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Post Falls School District No. 273 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Post Falls School District No. 273's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Post Falls School District No. 273's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Post Falls School District No. 273's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Post Falls School District No. 273's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Post Falls School District No. 273's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONCLUDED)

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Magnuson, McHugh's Company, P.A.

Magnuson, McHugh, & Co., P.A.

October 1, 2015



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Post Falls School District No. 273 Post Falls, ID 83854

Compliance

We have audited Post Falls School District No. 273's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Post Falls School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Post Falls School District No. 273's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and guestioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Post Falls School District No. 273's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Post Falls School District No. 273's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Post Falls School District No. 273's compliance.

Opinion

In our opinion, Post Falls School District No. 273 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 (CONCLUDED)

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Post Falls School District No. 273 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Post Falls School District No. 273 's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Post Falls School District No. 273 's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Restricted Use

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Magnuson, McHugh, & Co., P.A.

Magnuson, McHugh's Company, P.A.

October 1, 2015

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended June 30, 2015

Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures		
110.0					
U.S. Department of Education					
Passed through State Department of Education:	04.040	00000010	A 4 407 005		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	826000813	\$ 1,127,665		
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title II-A)	84.367	826000813	136,041		
Special Education _Grants to States (Title VI-B IDEA)	84.027	826000813	1,147,293		
Special Education State Improvement for Child Disabilities Special Education_Preschool Grant	84.323	826000813	-		
(Title VI-B Preschool)	84.173	826000813	32,694		
Vocational Edication_Basic Grants to States					
(Carl Perkins)	84.048A	826000813	89,720		
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_					
State Grants	84.186	826000813			
21st Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	826000813			
State Library ProgramState	84.372	826000813			
State Stablization Funds	84.394	826000813			
Education Jobs Bill	84.410A	826000813	-		
Technology Literacy Challenge Fund Grants ARRA	84.318	826000813			
Total Department of Education			2,533,413		
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Passed through State of Idaho Department of Education:					
Nutrition Cluster:					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	826000813	216,079		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	826000813	1,009,463		
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	826000813	186,055		
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants	10.579	826000813	84,438		
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	826000813	6,189		
Passed through State of Idaho:			,		
School and Roads- Federal Forest Grant	10.665	826000813			
Total Department of Agriculture			1,502,224		
U.S. Department of Justice					
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention	16.540	826000813	8,093		
Total Department of Justice			8,093		
TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 4,043,730		

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE A: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Post Falls School District No. 273 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Government, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Post Falls School District No. 273, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Post Falls School District No. 273.

NOTE B: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- (1) Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C: FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2015, the School District had received food commodities totaling \$84,438.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2015

Section I – <u>Summary of Auditors' Results</u>

Financial Sta	atements					
Type of audi	tor's report issued: Unqualified					
Internal cont	rol over financial reporting:					
 Material 	weakness(es) identified?			Yes	<u>X</u> I	No
that are	nt deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be weakness(es)			Yes	<u>X</u>	None reported
Noncomplia	nce material to financial statements	noted?		Yes	XI	No
Federal Awa	ards					
Internal cont	rol over major programs:					
 Material 	weakness(es) identified?			Yes	<u>X</u> I	No
	ant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material ss(es)?			Yes	_X_	None reported
Type of audi	tor's report issued on compliance fo	or major programs: Unquali	fied			
required	dings disclosed that are I to be reported in accordance tion 510(a) of Circular A-133?			Yes	<u>X</u> I	No
Identification	of major programs:					
CFDA Numb	<u>per(s):</u>	Name of Federal Prog	ram or	Cluste	<u>er</u>	
84.010 84.367		Title I Grants to Local Edu Improving Teacher Qu		_		
Dollar thresh	nold used to distinguish between typ	e A and type B programs:	\$300,00	00		
Auditee qual	ified as low-risk auditee?		X	Yes	N	lo

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2015

Section II. - Financial Statement Findings

We noted no findings relating to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with generally accepted *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III. - Federal Programs Findings

We noted no findings relating to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with generally accepted *OMB Circular A-133*.

Section IV. - Prior Year Audit Findings Relating to Federal Awards

We noted no findings in the prior year audit relating to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*.