POST FALLS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 273

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2021

Post Falls School District No. 273 June 30, 2021

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FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Post Falls School District No. 273 Post Falls, ID 83854

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Post Falls School District No. 273, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Post Falls School District No. 273's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Post Falls School District No. 273's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Post Falls School District No. 273, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONCLUDED)

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Post Falls School District No. 273's financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of changes in deposit balances of individual schools, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of changes in deposit balances of individual schools, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of changes in deposit balances of individual schools, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 4, 2021, on our consideration of Post Falls School District No. 273's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Post Falls School District No. 273's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Magnuson, McHugh's Company, P.A.

Magnuson, McHugh, & Co., P.A.

November 4, 2021

FINANCIAL SECTION

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

The discussion and analysis of the Post Falls School District's financial performance provides an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year. Efforts have been made to provide comparison to prior year data when such data is available.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Idaho State Governor Little held back 5% of general fund distributions to all school districts and instituted a large discretionary funding holdback. The holdback affected a number of programs and operations including technology, professional development, gifted and talented, IT staffing, content/curriculum, literacy, LEP, college and career advisers, safe and drug free, facility maintenance (lottery), transportation, salaries and benefit apportionment, and discretionary funding. All cutbacks combined resulted in a loss of state dollars of \$1.4 million from the prior year.

The State Board of Education approved a temporary rule to allow Districts to be funded on enrollment in lieu of average daily attendance. Although the District lost 270 students from the prior year, as a result of COVID, the temporary rule allowed the PFSD to shelter and minimize additional funding loss.

Additionally, the Legislature and Governor's office encouraged districts across the state to utilize federal funding to backfill state holdbacks: Coronavirus Relief Funds – (Idaho Rebounds), ESSER I, ESSER II, and ARP- ESSER III funding.

Although the district opened in a hybrid schedule altering days of attendance and utilizing virtual learning platforms, following spring break, school was in session for in-person learning five days a week, with virtual platforms via student/parental choice.

A moratorium on travel, limited gatherings and trainings, the inability to fully staff, and hybrid schedules that continued into late March, resulted in expenditure savings from the original planned budget.

- The District was awarded federal resources to manage COVID related costs. These awards were granted via multiple sources. Each grant had specific requirements and spending deadlines. Some grants were awarded to backfill the prior year expenses. The following represent a recap of the grant awards and what they were expended on:
 - CARES ESSER I funding (awarded spring 2020 = 1,024,836) total expended to date including prior year is \$1,020,821. Funds were used for continuing services through the pandemic, which included providing emergency child care, purchasing PPE supplies and equipment, upgrading the HVAC system at Mullan Trail Elementary, purchasing technology for remote learning: Chromebooks, laptops, projectors, cameras, hotspots, charging carts, expanding cabling for internet access, purchasing licenses, passing through private school proportionate share of funding, providing training for teachers and administrators for remote learning, suicide prevention strategies, and providing mental health support for children.
 - Coronavirus Relief Fund: Idaho Rebounds (award fall 2020 = \$2,209,468) total expended to date including prior year spending is \$2,209,468. Funds were allocated to address unbudgeted COVID costs and backfill state holdbacks. Funds were used for sanitation costs, installation of handwashing and water filling stations, installing plexi-glass, and purchase software licenses, on-line curriculum, internet, technology infrastructure upgrades, Chromebooks, laptops, doc cams and provide healthcare services and additional special education support costs, food services excess costs, substitute pay, and provide hazard pay stipends.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED)

- CRSSA ESSER II funding (awarded spring 2021 = \$3,605,644) total expended to date \$772,599. Funds were allocated to date for COVID costs and backfill state holdbacks. Funds have been expended on substitute costs, sanitation: supplies, equipment, costs of cleaning buildings, HVAC repairs and maintenance to improve air quality, special education remediation services, continued technology upgrades, substitute pay, and food excess costs.
- In 2019-20 school year, the district elected to change primary health insurance providers, leaving Kaiser Permanente to join the Idaho State Benefit Trust (Blue Cross). After a year of settling out claims the district received a refund check from Kaiser Permanente in the amount of \$1,613,671 in 2020-21 school year. It was recommended and approved by the School Board to keep the refund check in reserve. This amount will be used to offset future increased costs of insurance and or adding insurance related services in the future. Therefore, the amount is identified as a restricted assigned balance, and placed in a local investment fund. The Insurance Committee, PFEA, CFO, and the Board of Trustees will assure the management and oversight of this fund.
- The school district finished the year with a general fund balance of \$6,036,935, with a restricted assigned balance \$1,613,671 for the Kaiser Permanente insurance refund, and an unassigned fund balance of \$4,423,264. The unassigned fund balance, as noted on page 15 represents prior year adjusted fund balances in the amount of \$503,501. These adjustments were in part due to allowable prior year general fund expenditures that were reimbursed in the 2020-21 school year with federal COVID relief funding. Prior year fund balance adjustments were treated as transfers and will reflect in this year's fund balance. Given the complexity of the federal COVID related funds ability to cross prior fiscal years, it wasn't determined how to handle the adjustments until this year's audit. This transfer therefore appears to be inflating this year's unallocated balance, instead of adjusting last year's general fund beginning balances. To end the fiscal year the fund balance is 11% of general fund revenues. This is an increase from the prior year of \$403,525.
- Excluding the restricted insurance refund of \$1,613,671, the general fund revenues came in at \$246,094 over the projected budgeted amount. Meanwhile, expenditures came in under \$106,995 from the budgeted amount. Additionally, transfers were used for federal COVID related funds to cover prior year expenses and amounted to an additional \$500,253. The Insurance refund coupled with the unanticipated consequences of Covid is the direct result of the variance. The federal revenue backfilling prior year and current year, and the quick response of the Board of Trustees, can be attributed to the positive variance of \$2,465,975. The savings and fund balance during these uncharted times reflects the Superintendent and Board of Trustees successful management of the budget.
- The Legislature, late in the school, year passed a law that stated public schools could not access the Public Education Stabilization Fund (PESF) for any statewide shortage in state funding estimates for the 2021-22 or 2022-23 school year. This may result in a loss of discretionary revenue to the district, which will not be known until late FY2021-22 school year or possibly the beginning of FY2022-23. This announced holdback of state funding, and anticipation of the temporary board rule reverting back to average daily attendance is projected to yield a \$1.8 million fund loss for the District. Anticipating this, the Superintendent and Board of Trustees response is to carry a larger general fund balance.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED)

- The district's strong general fund balance of 6% above the recommended minimum of 3% 5%, will be used to balance the anticipated 2021-22 budget shortfalls. Additionally, because of strong fiscal management, the District was able to use the fund balance, and not ask taxpayers to fill in the gaps in the upcoming school year. The fund balance and federal revenues will continue to be used in response to navigate the shortfall and school operations in an uncharted pandemic.
- In March 2019, the District passed a \$19 million bond for construction of a new elementary school, remodel projects, and land purchase for new build sites with a 72.68% favorable vote. Over \$12.5 million was used to build a new 500 student capacity elementary school for occupancy in the fall of 2020. Treaty Rock Elementary school was completed in August 2020.
- During 2020-21 school year, the district continued to work on a number of large capital construction projects and has a remaining balance \$1,349,756 to conclude started projects, and to start new capital projects as identified by the Board of Trustees and recommended as part of the 10-year facility plan.
 - Total capital expenses expended during 2020-21 school year amounted to \$2,883,843. The District concluded several paving projects at various schools, and Transportation department. Additionally, a new track was completed at River City Middle School, and Post Falls Middle School and Post Falls High School tracks were resurfaced. New carpet and flooring, and roofing upgrades were also completed. A new HVAC system and partial roof was installed at Mullan Trail Elementary, and paid in part with federal funds. 2021-22 school year will use the fund balance to complete the aforementioned track and paving projects, and to continue to upgrade senior buildings and or secure additional building sites.
- To keep up with transportation demands, the District purchased two new buses, updated hotspots, GPS, and cameras on some older model buses.
- The State of Idaho's economy for the past twelve months experienced a 24.2% growth in the general fund revenue. This growth was 18.7% higher than predicted by the State budget analyst in January. This growth was not expected during the Coronavirus pandemic. As a result, the Public Education Stabilization Fund (PESF) has approximately \$80.2 million to assist with public school funding going forward. The State did withdraw \$15.4 million from the fund during the FY2020-21 school year, leaving the \$80.2 million. The statewide Budget Stabilization Fund (BSF) is estimated at year end to maintain a \$637.4 million balance, which grew by \$213.4 million. This balance may be appropriated as necessary by the Idaho Legislature. Idaho's unemployment rate decreased over the last year from 5.6% in June 2020 to 3.0% in June 2021. The rate in Idaho trends much lower than the national unemployment rate which was 5.9% of June 2021. The decrease in unemployment can be directly attributed to the Coronavirus pandemic and Idaho's economy recovering thereafter.
- Kootenai County local market values grew by 19.37% in school year 2020-21. According to the Kootenai County Assessor market values are projected to increase in the FY2021-22 by 20% percent. This is also factoring the Legislature approved HB389, which increases the current homeowner's exemption from \$100,000 to \$125,000. The tax relief bill also identifies a reduction for taxable personal property and taxable transient personal property which is to take effect in FY2022-23. This relief will be realized in that fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (CONCLUDED)

- During the FY2020-21 school year the District lost 270 students in the first reporting period, but by the end of the school year, had regained an additional 59 students. The start of the FY2021-22 school year, in comparison to the prior year, is showing gains of 320 students, exceeding the post pandemic exodus. However, pre-pandemic attendance was at 95% and post-pandemic is yielding around 90% due to continued student COVID related illnesses, and regular cold and flu bugs. The District fared well during the FY2020-21 school year as a result of the State Board's temporary enrollment rule, bypassing average daily attendance. Going forward the loss of revenue due to average daily attendance remaining in effect will be upward of \$1.2 million of state appropriation loss impact.
- The strength of the local economy, change in market value, and a temporary Board Rule, strength of Idaho's economy, the infusion of federal COVID related funds has allowed the School District's levy rate to drop for the average taxpayer and homeowner. The District's levy rate dropped from \$2.07 per \$1,000 from the prior school year to \$1.69 per \$1,000 in school year 2020-21. Because of the factors listed above, the school district elected to keep their supplemental levy rate at the same amount for the next two years at \$4,955,000 each year. The taxpayers in May agreed to pass the supplemental levy, and the levy rate is predicted to fall to \$1.39 per \$1,000 for 2021-22 school year. Although the levy amount stayed the same, the levy rate continues to go down for the average taxpayer, as long as new construction and market values continue to rise. The annual market value growth due to new construction for 2020-21 was \$150 million, and for the school year 2021-22 is predicted to be \$145 million which has both exceeded and nearly doubled the past 10-year average. This robust new construction is a contributing factor to lowering levy rates for the school district's overall cost of levies to taxpayers. The District does expect to see continued growth in the taxable market value, and new construction, thus resulting in continued lowered property taxes associated with School District levies. The Kootenai County Assessor estimates the market value will increase again in the 2021-22 school year by over 20%.
- Healthy state and community growth has remained constant, and the District has been able to conservatively manage expenditures while adjusting to the ever-changing environment resulting from the Coronavirus pandemic.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This section of the comprehensive annual financial report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis; basic financial statements, including notes to the financial statements; and other required supplementary information.

The basic financial statements consist of two kinds of statements that present different views of the District's financial activities.

- The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information on a district-wide basis. The statements present an aggregate view of the District's finances. District-wide statements contain useful long-term information, as well as information for the just-completed fiscal year.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District. Fund statements generally report operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.

The notes to the financial statements provide further explanation of some of the information in the statements and provide additional disclosures so statement users have a complete picture of the District's financial activities and position.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements by including a comparison of the district's budget data for the year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONCLUDED)

District-wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The two district-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the District's overall financial position.

- Increases or decreases in the District's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall financial condition of the District, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, should be considered.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are all classified as governmental activities. Governmental activities include all regular and special education, all educational support activities, administration, transportation, and food services. Most of these activities are supported by property taxes and formula aid from the State of Idaho.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds and not on the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of sources of funding and spending on particular programs and to demonstrate compliance with various regulatory requirements.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debt) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like capital project funds).

The District has one type of fund:

• Governmental funds – Most of the district's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for funding future basic services. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Governmental fund information does not report on long-term commitments as is reported on the district-wide statements. Therefore, an explanation of the differences between the governmental funds and the district-wide statements is included either at the bottom of the governmental funds statements or as a separate statement.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The District as a Whole

Net Position. Table I, below, provides a summary of the district's net position for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Table 1 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2	2021	2020
ASSETS:	_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$ 13,605,811
Receivables		5,586,258	5,548,336
Net OPEB asset - PERSI		2,050,862	1,743,753
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		61,507,948	58,285,347
Total assets		85,559,369	79,183,247
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred OPEB outflows - PERSI		285,169	75,006
Deferred pension outflows		7,010,089	4,499,468
Total deferred outflows of resources		7,295,258	4,574,474
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable		735,487	61,712
Accrued payroll and related costs		5,591,027	5,490,928
Interest payable		415,171	429,254
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year		1,522,751	1,342,061
Due in more than one year		34,950,212	36,359,955
Net pension liability		17,633,088	8,726,883
Total OPEB liability - District		1,596,443	1,469,644
Total liabilities		62,444,179	53,880,437
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred OPEB inflows - District		871,026	900,908
Deferred OPEB inflows - PERSI		524,633	100,786
Deferred pension inflows		636,733	4,010,702
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,032,392	5,012,396
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets		25,157,736	20,790,392
Restricted for:			
Debt service		4,770,488	3,944,941
School Lunch		789,490	301,838
Capital Construction		1,349,756	3,954,631
Plant Facility		306,225	699,642
Federal and State Title programs		470,808	176,437
Unrestricted		(4,466,447)	(5,002,993)
Total net position	\$	28,378,056	\$ 24,864,888

The District's combined net position increased by \$2,628,114 for an ending total of \$28,378,056.

The District's calculation of net position uses a historical cost of school buildings that may not accurately reflect the true value. Post Falls' buildings are in very good condition as a result of sufficient annual operating funds appropriated for maintenance and repair.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Changes in Net Position. Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position from Operating Results
Government Activities 2021 and 2020

	 2021	2020
REVENUES:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,095,627 \$	1,484,560
Operating grants and contributions	9,839,749	5,117,598
General revenues:		
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	5,236,546	5,797,217
Property taxes, levied for debt services	3,243,042	3,206,322
State revenues	34,385,397	35,678,623
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purposes:		
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(5, 133)	=
Federal Forest	25,316	27,995
Interest and investment earnings	78,090	488,143
Student body activity	644,977	-
Miscellaneous	 1,822,659	20,798
Total general revenues and special items	 56,366,270	51,821,256
EXPENSES:		
Instructional services:		
Elementary programs	14,807,321	14,716,531
Secondary programs	11,706,551	11,601,354
Alternative school programs	687,788	684,725
Exceptional child programs	3,992,651	4,193,454
Activity programs	539,519	551,257
Other programs	20,549	47,708
Support services:		
Guidance and health programs	1,574,349	1,462,290
Special services	1,510,515	1,407,843
Improvement and media	472,112	465,700
District administration	352,634	360,151
School administration	2,569,326	2,593,668
Business administration	1,380,558	1,579,902
Maintenance	4,205,733	3,804,767
Transportation	2,288,128	2,189,019
Security	188,670	184,066
Child nutrition program	75,194	-
Non-instructional services:		
School lunch	2,173,448	2,069,248
Student body activity	740,929	-
Interest on long-term debt	1,427,074	1,421,567
Change in OPEB Obligation	3,492	22,723
Unallocated actual PERSI expense	(3,338,625)	(3,228,541)
Change in net pension liability	6,360,240	3,166,424
Total expenses	53,738,156	49,293,856
Change in net position	\$ 2,628,114 \$	2,527,400

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Changes in Net Position (Concluded)

As shown in Table 2, the Post Falls School District relies on local property taxes for 15% of its governmental activities. The District had total revenues of \$56.4 million.

Governmental Funds

The District completed the year with a total governmental fund balance of \$15,428,520 resulting in an increase of \$1,198,220 from comparison to the adjusted ending balance from the prior fiscal year 2020 of \$14,230,300.

- The general fund had a net increase in fund balance of \$2,017,187 for a net total of \$6,036,935 at fiscal year-end. The net increase was primarily due to the insurance refund of \$1,613,671, and federal COVID dollars, and operating in a hybrid schedule, coupled with the inability to fully staff positions, resulting in expense savings. This expenditure savings occurred primarily during the periods of (July through March) and is directly related to COVID-19 pandemic and strong fiscal management and planning.
- The food service fund had an increase in fund balance of \$487,652. The food service department continued to serve grab and go meals during the school's hybrid schedule and was able to acquire a waiver from the USDA extending Summer Food Service Program (SFSP) reimbursement rates during the school year. Although the Food Service excess costs raised to nearly \$100,000, the overall fund ended the fiscal year with a positive fund balance of \$789,490.
- The debt service fund had an increase in fund balance of \$825,547. The fund ended the fiscal year
 with a fund balance of \$4,770,488. Primary reason was to set aside enough money to cover the bond
 principal and interest payments that were subsequently due in July and August 2021 for the 2015B
 and 2019 G.O. bond payments occurring in the 2021-22 school year.
- The bond capital construction fund had an ending fund balance of \$1,349,756. The majority of expenses were due to capital construction of a new roof and HVAC system at Mullan Trail, paving projects and installation of a new track at River City Middle School, and track upgrades for Post Falls Middle School and Post Falls High School. Just over \$2,883,843 was expended. The District earned \$14,738 in interest income which made a net change in fund balance of \$2,604,875. This includes a prior year reimbursable expense of \$264,230.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District adopts an original budget in June for the subsequent year. The 2020-21 budget was amended in June of 2021 when the District's 2021-22 budget was adopted.

When comparing final budget to actual, the general fund had stronger than expected property tax collections and an unanticipated insurance refund were greater than projected. State assistance due to funding using enrollment, but decreases mid-year in the state discretionary dollars resulted in a decrease of \$480,566 from the original pre-amended budget. Additionally, as an unforeseen positive consequence from the pandemic, the District was able to save in extra-curricular activity costs, staffing costs, transportation costs, utility expenses, substitute expenses, and contract services. Lastly, a reduction in expenses related to the reduced pension liability and the reduction in the OPEB for health insurance were included as an expense variable. The aforementioned unanticipated expense savings resulted in a total of \$106,995. The general fund overall maintained a positive and/or net favorable overall variance of \$2,465,975 when compared to budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONCLUDED)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (Concluded)

School districts in the State of Idaho were notified in late May 2020 to anticipate a State General Fund holdback of approximately 5%. This 5% was on top of a 1% reduction in the prior year. This increased holdback in funding affected multiple state funding streams for the school district's budget. The funding streams included reduced funding for Professional Development, Gifted and Talented programs, Content and Curriculum, IT staffing, Classroom Technology, Literacy, English Language, College and Career Advisors, Transportation, Tuition, Safe and Drug Free Schools, Remediation, and Salary Apportionment funding, as well as a Discretionary Funding holdback identified in May 2021. The discretionary funding was decreased by \$1.4 million. The District had conservatively budgeted for a decrease in students in the 2020-21 school year. The total anticipated loss of state funding for 2020-21 was in part offset by federal dollars, and conservative and calculative budgeting. As students return to classrooms, the Legislature froze any excess dollars to account for the influx of new students, by instituting a freeze on the Public Education Stabilization Fund (PESF). This leaves Districts to cover any reduced state revenue for the 2021-22 school year. This is why the District agreed to maintain a healthy general fund balance coupled with using Federal Esser II and Esser III funding, so the District will be able to make budget and remain in a good financial position going into the 2021-22 school year.

The District plans on utilizing the excess fund balance from the 2021-22 school year and Federal ESSER II, and ESSER III funding to help balance offset deficiencies for the 2021-22 budget.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Post Falls School District has invested approximately \$97.6 million in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, sites, library books, transportation equipment and other equipment as of the end of fiscal year 2021. Total accumulated depreciation on these assets amounts to \$57 million.

 Asset acquisitions for governmental activities totaled \$4,056,334 for the fiscal year. This figure represents primarily the purchase of two new buses, vehicles, purchase of equipment, land, and building upgrades and construction in progress.

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the District had \$31.4 million in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding. The District retired \$1,135,000 of outstanding debt. The debt of the District is secured by an annual tax levy authorized by the patrons of the school district by a two-thirds majority vote in 2015 for \$19.5 million and in 2019 for \$19 million.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

- The existing labor agreement for teachers expires June 30, 2021, however a new agreement was reached which extends the agreement to June 30, 2022.
- The District increased enrollment during the 2020-21 school year, and increased enrollment in the 2021-22 school year. The State of Idaho also has continued to support the career ladder and provided a second year of master educator premiums. The career ladder funding provides a base for increased beginning teacher salaries and advanced professional teacher salary base to incrementally increase over each year through school year 2024-25.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE (CONTINUED)

- Although State of Idaho public education funding has been very fluid as the Legislature and Governor's office continue to make unprecedented holdbacks and funding freezes, the federal COVID funding appears to be filing in those gaps. It remains to be less predicted as inflation and the costs of goods and services and demand for labor continue to rise. However, the local community has responded in a positive way by passing a two-year supplemental levy to keep needed services. It is not determined or predicted how COVID will continue to impact the District, and how the state and federal government will continue to respond in the future. As the District and the board of trustees respond to inflation and the added costs of operations of schools, the District has been adequately positioned to absorb future costs well into the 2021-22 school year. The District will continue to amend and adjust its 2021-22 budget when all funding, and complexities of operating schools in the COVID-19 environment are fully realized.
- The District does expect to have more students in the coming years, due to predicted local community growth. It is yet to be determined if the funding formula would change from attendance to enrollment to allow school districts to capture adequate funding per student. The State of Idaho will be reviewing this methodology in the upcoming 2022 Legislative session. The State of Idaho, however, has passed through a variety of federal funding that allows the school district to access needed federal support dollars until 2024 school year. The PFSD has initiated a spending plan to access the needed funding through these multiple fiscal years. Because of uncertainty of state and federal funding, it is also strategic to maintain a higher fund balance that allows the District to operate in full capacity during the pandemic.
- Some of the pandemic mitigation and forward planning for the new fiscal year included the District's preparation for on-line instruction by securing curriculum, purchasing 1:1 Chromebooks for each student, training staff to teach online, and hiring online instructors. Additional FTE for nursing, the purchase of PPE equipment, sanitization mitigation purchases, and additional supplies have all been purchased with federal money. The District has implemented some contingency measures to manage various stages of shutdown and reopening while trying to provide families and students with a quality education.
- The District resides in the third largest growing geographical area in the state. The State of Idaho's economy for the past twelve months experienced an unprecedented 24.2% growth in the general fund revenue. This growth was 18.7% higher than predicted by the State budget analyst in January. This growth was not expected due to the Coronavirus pandemic. As a result, the Public Education Stabilization Fund (PESF) has approximately \$80.2 million to assist with public school funding, going forward. The Statewide Budget Stabilization Fund (BSF) is estimated at year end to maintain a \$637.4 million balance, which may be appropriated as necessary by the Idaho Legislature. Idaho's unemployment rate decreased from last year from 5.6% in June of 2020 to 3.0% in June 2021. The rate in Idaho trends much lower than the national unemployment rate of 5.9% as of June 2020. The decrease in unemployment can be directly attributed to Idaho's economic growth and coming out of the Coronavirus pandemic shadow/recovery. The Kootenai County local market values percent of annual change in taxable assessed value increased by 19.37%. Even with the prospective PESF holdback from the State of Idaho predicted, the District has adequate funds to respond.
- At current time, the economy of the State of Idaho unemployment is at 2.9%, the third lowest rate in the nation as of September 2021. Idaho ranks one of the top housing markets in the United States. While the Boise Metro area boasts a rise of 34% over the past year, Kootenai County, where the PFSD resides, was up 30%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE (CONCLUDED)

- The District continues to struggle with staffing shortages, and in an effort to attract and retain staff has instituted retention stipends, and restructured classified pay scales and beginning wages for the 2021-22 school year. The restructuring of wages represents a million dollar expenditure to the district unless the state changes the classified funding formula. Staffing shortages for classified personnel include: substitute staff, before and after school childcare workers, paraprofessionals, and support staff, custodians, special education personnel, and bus drivers. The District will need to continue to offer competitive wages and benefits to attract the personnel needed.
- The District in 2020-21 school year enriched their benefit packet to include an employee assistance plan that provides counseling, legal, financial planning visits at no cost to the employee, and added a \$50,000 life insurance policy.
- The local strength paired with the State of Idaho's economy continues to remain stronger than expected during the pandemic recovery and better than anticipated forecasts are projected for the upcoming state education budget year. The access to federal assistance as passed through the State of Idaho, has allowed the District to continue to pivot and provide uninterrupted services, and flexible delivery of instruction. The strong District general fund balance will allow the district to continue to be able to maintain operation and adjust to the unpredictable cyclical nature of providing public education amidst staffing, food shortages, inflationary prices that are occurring in the ever-changing pandemic cycle.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the district's finances and to demonstrate the district's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Wendy J. Lee, CFO and Director of Business Services, Post Falls School District #273, 206 West Mullan Avenue, Post Falls, ID 83854.

FINANCIAL SECTION

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,414,301
Receivables	5,586,258
Net OPEB asset - PERSI	2,050,862
Land	2,762,065
Construction in progress	1,672,504
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	57,073,379
Total assets	85,559,369
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred OPEB outflows - PERSI	285,169
Deferred pension outflows	7,010,089
Total deferred outflows of resources	7,295,258
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	735,487
Accrued payroll and related costs	5,591,027
Interest payable	415,171
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year:	
Compensated absences	122,751
Long-term debt	1,400,000
Due in more than one year:	
Long-term debt	34,950,212
Net pension liability	17,633,088
Net OPEB obligation - District	1,596,443
Total liabilities	62,444,179
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	074 000
Deferred OPEB inflows - District Deferred OPEB inflows - PERSI	871,026 524,633
Deferred pension inflows	636,733
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,032,392
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	25,157,736
Restricted for:	
School lunch	789,490
Debt service	4,770,488
Capital projects	1,349,756
Federal and state title programs	470,808
Plant facility	306,225
Unrestricted	(4,466,447)
Total net position	\$ 28,378,056

The accompanying "Notes to the Financial Statements" are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Program	Revenu	es	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in
					Operating	Ca	apital	Net Position
	Expenses		narges for Services		rants and ntributions		nts and ibutions	Governmental Activities
Functions/Programs								
Governmental activities:								
Instructional services:								
Elementary programs	\$ 14,807,321	\$	723,969	\$	4,105,251	\$	-	\$ (9,978,101)
Secondary programs	11,706,551		333,157		1,177,109		-	(10,196,285)
Alternative school programs	687,788		-		23,355		-	(664,433)
Exceptional child programs	3,992,651		-		958,684		-	(3,033,967)
Activity programs	539,519		-		-		-	(539,519)
Other programs	20,549		-		-		-	(20,549)
Support services:								
Guidance and health programs	1,574,349		-		22,909		-	(1,551,440)
Special services	1,510,515		-		67,044		-	(1,443,471)
Improvement and media	472,112		-		12,840		-	(459,272)
District administration	352,634		-		-		-	(352,634)
School administration	2,569,326		-		-		-	(2,569,326)
Business administration	1,380,558		-		229,376		-	(1,151,182)
Maintenance	4,205,733		-		426,526		-	(3,779,207)
Transportation	2,288,128		-		58,004		-	(2,230,124)
Security	188,670		-		80,748		-	(107,922)
Child nutrition program	75,194		-		66,408		-	(8,786)
Non-instructional services:								
School lunch	2,173,448		38,501		2,611,495		-	476,548
Student body activity	740,929		-		-		-	(740,929)
Interest and amortization	1,427,074		-		-		-	(1,427,074)
Change in OPEB obligation	3,492		-		-		-	(3,492)
Unallocated actual PERSI expense	(3,338,625)		-		-		-	3,338,625
Change in net pension liability	6,360,240		-		-		-	(6,360,240)
Total governmental activities	\$ 53,738,156	\$	1,095,627	\$	9,839,749	\$		(42,802,780)
	General revenues	s:						
	Property taxes	s, levie	ed for general	purpo	oses			5,236,546
	Property taxes	s, levie	ed for debt se	rvices				3,243,042
	State revenue							34,385,397
	Grants and co	ntribu	tions not restr	ricted	to specific pur	poses:		
	Federal Fo	rest						25,316
	Interest and in		U					78,090
	Student body							644,977
	Gain (Loss) or		osal of assets					(5,133)
	Miscellaneous							1,822,659
	Total ge	neral	revenues					45,430,894
	Change in net po	sition						2,628,114
	Net position begin	nning						25,749,942
	Net position endi	ng						\$ 28,378,056

The accompanying "Notes to the Financial Statements" are an integral part of this statement.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2021

	General	N	Child lutrition	Debt Service
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,549,561	\$	746,874	\$ 3,619,585
Accounts receivable:				
Kootenai County	2,061,452		-	1,241,877
State of Idaho	803,850		186,287	-
Other receivable	-		-	-
Due from other funds	895,288			 -
Total assets	\$ 11,310,151	\$	933,161	\$ 4,861,462
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 120,543	\$	21,090	\$ _
Accrued payroll	4,998,122		122,581	_
Due to other funds	· · · · -		-	_
Total liabilities	5,118,665		143,671	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	154,551		_	90,974
Total deferred inflows of resources	154,551		-	90,974
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted to:				
School lunch, debt service and capital projects, respectively	-		789,490	4,770,488
State and federal title programs	_		-	-
Assigned to:				
Kaiser Permanente refund	1,613,671		_	_
State and federal non title funding	-		_	_
Unassigned	4,423,264		_	_
Total fund balances	6,036,935		789,490	4,770,488
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 11,310,151	\$	933,161	\$ 4,861,462

The accompanying "Notes to Financial Statements" are an integral part of this statement.

Capital Construction Project	Other Governmental	Total
\$ 1,458,752	\$ 3,039,529	\$ 16,414,301
- - 172	- 1,292,620 -	3,303,329 2,282,757 172 895,288
\$ 1,458,924	\$ 4,332,149	\$ 22,895,847
\$ 109,168 -	\$ 484,686 470,324	\$ 735,487 5,591,027
109,168	895,288 1,850,298	895,288 7,221,802
- -	- -	245,525 245,525
1,349,756 - - - -	306,225 470,808 - 1,704,818	7,215,959 470,808 1,613,671 1,704,818 4,423,264
1,349,756	2,481,851	15,428,520
\$ 1,458,924	\$ 4,332,149	\$ 22,895,847

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

Total fund balances at June 30, 2021 - Governmental funds		\$ 15,428,520
Cost of capital assets at June 30, 2021	\$ 97,593,326	
Less: Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2021 Buildings and portables	(30,697,009)	
Buses and other transportation Equipment and library books	(2,607,460) (2,780,909)	61,507,948
Elimination of deferred revenue		245,525
Pension liabilities and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of		
resources related to pensions: District's proportionate share of the net pension liability Proportionate share of collective deferred outflows of resources Proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resources		(17,633,088) 7,010,089 (636,733)
OPEB liabilities and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of		(000,700)
resources related to OPEB:		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset		2,050,862
Total OPEB liability - District Deferred outflows of OPEB resources		(1,596,443) 285,169
Deferred inflows of OPEB resources		(1,395,659)
Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2021		
Bonds payable	(31,425,000)	
Premium on bonds payable, net of accumulated amortization of \$441,240 Compensated absences	(4,925,212) (122,751)	
Accrued interest payable	(415,171)	(36,888,134)
Net position at June 30, 2021		\$ 28,378,056

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Property taxes		General	Child Nutrition	Debt Service
Interest and investment samings	REVENUES			
Other local revenue 1,822,659 35,01 1.01,07 Title programs and other federal revenues 2,611,455 - - Total revenues 40,891,051 2,649,966 3,411,447 Experiments Experiments Experiments Experiments Experiments 10,716,042 -	· ·		\$ -	
State assistance and reimbursements 33,765,693 1, 101,700 Tide programs and other federal revenues 2,611,495 3,411,445 EXPENDITURES 10,716,042 2 1 Issistancianal services: 10,776,042 2 2 Elementary programs 10,276,140 3 2 Secondary programs 66,683 3 2 Exceptional child programs 305,593 3 2 Exceptional child programs 505,593 3 2 Other programs 505,593 3 2 Exceptional child programs 505,593 3 2 Other programs 1,557,344 3 3 Total instructional services 1,557,344 3 3 Support services 1,557,344 3 3 Special services 1,557,344 3 3 Special services 1,557,344 3 3 District administration 3,52,534 3 3 Buisance and health programs 1,299,367	Interest and investment earnings		-	7,935
Time programs and other federal revenues 2,811,495 1,495		1,822,659	38,501	-
Student body activity 1.0	State assistance and reimbursements	33,765,693	-	161,070
Page	Title programs and other federal revenues	-	2,611,495	-
Instructional services:				
Estementary programs	Total revenues	40,891,051	2,649,996	3,411,447
Elemetary programs				
Alternative school programs 10,276,140 .				
Allenathe school programs			-	-
Exceptional child programs 3,105,903 - - Activity programs 539,519 - - Total instructional services 20,5326,792 - - Support services - - - Guidance and health programs 1,557,344 - - - Special services 1,451,647 - - - Improvement and media 481,983 - - - Obstrict administration 352,634 - - - School administration 3,607,300 - - - School administration 3,607,300 - - - Maintenance 3,607,300 - - - Transportation 2,016,821 - - - Security 110,783 - - - - Security 2,173,448 - - - - - - - - - - - -			-	-
Activity programs 539,519 - - Other programs 20,549 - - Total instructional services - - Support services: - - Guidance and health programs 1,557,344 - - Special services 1,451,647 - - Improvement and media 461,893 - - District administration 352,692 - - School administration 1,264,367 - - Subsess administration 1,264,367 - - Maintenance 3,607,300 - - - Transportation 11,024,367 - - - Security 11,024,367 - - - Transportation 11,024,367 -<	Alternative school programs	668,639	-	-
Obter programs 20,549 - - Total instructional services 25,326,792 - - Support services - - - Quidance and health programs 1,557,344 - - Special services 14,61,647 - - Improvement and media 461,983 - - District administration 352,634 - - School administration 2,569,326 - - School administration 2,949,367 - - Maintenance 3,607,300 - - Transportation 2,018,212 - - Security 110,783 - - Security 110,783 - - Total support services - - - Student body activity - - - - Total containstructional services - - - - - - - - - -	Exceptional child programs	3,105,903	-	-
Total instructional services 25,326,792 Support services: </td <td>Activity programs</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Activity programs		-	-
Support services: Guidance and health programs	Other programs			
Guidance and health programs 1,557,344 -	Total instructional services	25,326,792		
Special services 1,451,647 - - Improvement and media 461,983 - - District administration 352,643 - - School administration 2,569,326 - - Business administration 3,607,300 - - Maintenance 3,607,300 - - Transportation 2,016,821 - - Security 110,783 - - Child nutrition program - - - - Total support services - 2,173,448 - Student body activity - - - - Total non-instructional services - 2,173,448 - - Capital outlay - </td <td>Support services:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Support services:			
Improvement and media 461,983 - - District administration 352,634 - - School administration 2,569,326 - - Business administration 1,294,367 - - Maintenance 3,607,300 - - Transportation 2,016,821 - - Security 110,783 - - Security 110,783 - - Child nutrition program - - - - Total support services - 2,173,448 - Student body activity - - - - Total onn-instructional services - 2,173,448 - - Capital outlay -	Guidance and health programs	1,557,344	-	-
District administration 352,634 - - School administration 2,569,326 - - Business administration 1,294,367 - - Maintenance 3,607,300 - - Transportation 2,016,821 - - Security 110,783 - - Child nutrition program - - - - Total support services - <th< td=""><td>Special services</td><td>1,451,647</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></th<>	Special services	1,451,647	-	-
District administration 352,634 - - School administration 2,569,326 - - Business administration 1,294,367 - - Maintenance 3,607,300 - - Transportation 2,016,821 - - Security 110,783 - - Child nutrition program - - - - Total support services - <th< td=""><td>Improvement and media</td><td>461,983</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></th<>	Improvement and media	461,983	-	-
Business administration 1,294,367 - - Maintenance 3,607,300 - - Transportation 2,016,821 - - Security 110,783 - - Child nutrition program - - - - Total support services - 1,342,205 - - Non-instructional services - 2,173,448 - - Food services - 2,173,448 - - Student body activity -	•	352,634	-	-
Business administration 1,294,367 - - Maintenance 3,607,300 - - Transportation 2,016,821 - - Security 110,783 - - Child nutrition program - - - - Total support services - 1,342,205 - - Non-instructional services - 2,173,448 - - Food services - 2,173,448 - - Student body activity -	School administration	2,569,326	-	-
Maintenance 3,607,300 - - Transportation 2,016,821 - - Security 110,783 - - Child nutrition program - - - - Total support services - 13,422,205 - - - Non-instructional services - 2,173,448 - <td>Business administration</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Business administration		-	-
Transportation 2,016,821 - - Security 110,783 - - Child nutrition program 13,422,205 - - Total support services 13,422,205 - - Non-instructional services: - - - Food services - 2,173,448 - Student body activity - - - Total non-instructional services - 2,173,448 - Capital outlay 171,660 21,294 - Poble services - 2,173,448 - Principal retirement - 2,173,448 - Interest - 2,135,000 Total debt service - - 1,450,000 Total expenditures 38,920,657 2,194,742 2,585,900 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,970,394 455,254 825,547 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 569,217 60,116 - <th< td=""><td>Maintenance</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td></th<>	Maintenance		-	-
Security 110,783 - - Child nutrition program - - - - Total support services - - - - Non-instructional services - - 2,173,448 -	Transportation		_	-
Child nutrition program -	•		_	-
Total support services 13,422,205 - - Non-instructional services 2,173,448 - Food services - 2,173,448 - Student body activity - - - - Total non-instructional services - 2,173,448 - 1,135,000 - - - 1,135,000 - - - 1,450,900 - - - 1,450,900 - - - 2,585,900 - - - 2,585,900 - - - 2,585,900 - - - 2,585,900 - - - 2,585,900 - - - <td>-</td> <td>· -</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td>	-	· -	_	-
Food services - 2,173,448 - Student body activity - - - Total non-instructional services - 2,173,448 - Capital outlay 171,660 21,294 - Debt service: - - 1,135,000 Interest - - 1,450,900 Interest - - 2,585,900 Total debt service - - 2,585,900 Total expenditures 38,920,657 2,194,742 2,585,900 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,970,394 455,254 825,547 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) -		13,422,205	-	
Student body activity - 1,135,000 - - - 1,450,900 - - - 1,450,900 - - - 1,450,900 - - - 1,450,900 - - - 1,450,900 - - - 2,585,900 - - 2,585,900 - - - 2,585,900 - - - 2,585,900 - <td>Non-instructional services:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Non-instructional services:			
Total non-instructional services - 2,173,448 - Capital outlay 171,660 21,294 - Debt service: - - 1,135,000 Principal retirement - - 1,450,900 Interest - - 2,585,900 Total expenditures 38,920,657 2,194,742 2,585,900 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,970,394 455,254 825,547 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 569,217 60,116 - Transfers in 569,217 60,116 - Transfers (out) (522,424) (27,718) - Total other financing sources (uses) 46,793 32,398 - Net change in fund balance 2,017,187 487,652 825,547 Fund balance - beginning 4,019,748 301,838 3,944,941	Food services	-	2,173,448	-
Capital outlay 171,660 21,294 - Debt service: Principal retirement - 1,135,000 Interest - 2,585,900 Total debt service - 2,585,900 Total expenditures 38,920,657 2,194,742 2,585,900 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 38,920,657 2,194,742 2,585,900 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 569,217 60,116 Transfers (out) (522,424) (27,718) - Total other financing sources (uses) 46,793 32,398 - Net change in fund balance 2,017,187 487,652 825,547 Fund balance - beginning 4,019,748 301,838 3,944,941	Student body activity	-	-	-
Debt service: Principal retirement - - 1,135,000 Interest - - 1,450,900 Total debt service - - 2,585,900 Total expenditures 38,920,657 2,194,742 2,585,900 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,970,394 455,254 825,547 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 569,217 60,116 - Transfers (out) (522,424) (27,718) - Total other financing sources (uses) 46,793 32,398 - Net change in fund balance 2,017,187 487,652 825,547 Fund balance - beginning 4,019,748 301,838 3,944,941	Total non-instructional services		2,173,448	
Principal retirement - - 1,135,000 Interest - - 1,450,900 Total debt service - - 2,585,900 Total expenditures 38,920,657 2,194,742 2,585,900 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,970,394 455,254 825,547 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 569,217 60,116 - Transfers (out) (522,424) (27,718) - Total other financing sources (uses) 46,793 32,398 - Net change in fund balance 2,017,187 487,652 825,547 Fund balance - beginning 4,019,748 301,838 3,944,941	Capital outlay	171,660	21,294	
Principal retirement - - 1,135,000 Interest - - 1,450,900 Total debt service - - 2,585,900 Total expenditures 38,920,657 2,194,742 2,585,900 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,970,394 455,254 825,547 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 569,217 60,116 - Transfers (out) (522,424) (27,718) - Total other financing sources (uses) 46,793 32,398 - Net change in fund balance 2,017,187 487,652 825,547 Fund balance - beginning 4,019,748 301,838 3,944,941	Debt service:			
Interest - - 1,450,900 Total debt service - - 2,585,900 Total expenditures 38,920,657 2,194,742 2,585,900 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,970,394 455,254 825,547 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 569,217 60,116 - Transfers (out) (522,424) (27,718) - Total other financing sources (uses) 46,793 32,398 - Net change in fund balance 2,017,187 487,652 825,547 Fund balance - beginning 4,019,748 301,838 3,944,941		_	_	1 135 000
Total debt service - - 2,585,900 Total expenditures 38,920,657 2,194,742 2,585,900 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,970,394 455,254 825,547 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 569,217 60,116 - Transfers (out) (522,424) (27,718) - Total other financing sources (uses) 46,793 32,398 - Net change in fund balance 2,017,187 487,652 825,547 Fund balance - beginning 4,019,748 301,838 3,944,941	•	_	_	
Total expenditures 38,920,657 2,194,742 2,585,900 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,970,394 455,254 825,547 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 569,217 60,116 - Transfers (out) (522,424) (27,718) - Total other financing sources (uses) 46,793 32,398 - Net change in fund balance 2,017,187 487,652 825,547 Fund balance - beginning 4,019,748 301,838 3,944,941				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,970,394 455,254 825,547 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 569,217 60,116 - Transfers (out) (522,424) (27,718) - Total other financing sources (uses) 46,793 32,398 - Net change in fund balance 2,017,187 487,652 825,547 Fund balance - beginning 4,019,748 301,838 3,944,941	Total expenditures	38,920,657	2,194,742	
Transfers in 569,217 60,116 - Transfers (out) (522,424) (27,718) - Total other financing sources (uses) 46,793 32,398 - Net change in fund balance 2,017,187 487,652 825,547 Fund balance - beginning 4,019,748 301,838 3,944,941		1,970,394	455,254	825,547
Transfers in 569,217 60,116 - Transfers (out) (522,424) (27,718) - Total other financing sources (uses) 46,793 32,398 - Net change in fund balance 2,017,187 487,652 825,547 Fund balance - beginning 4,019,748 301,838 3,944,941				· ·
Transfers (out) (522,424) (27,718) - Total other financing sources (uses) 46,793 32,398 - Net change in fund balance 2,017,187 487,652 825,547 Fund balance - beginning 4,019,748 301,838 3,944,941		569.217	60,116	_
Total other financing sources (uses) 46,793 32,398 - Net change in fund balance 2,017,187 487,652 825,547 Fund balance - beginning 4,019,748 301,838 3,944,941				_
Fund balance - beginning 4,019,748 301,838 3,944,941	` '			
<u> </u>	Net change in fund balance	2,017,187	487,652	825,547
Fund balance - ending \$ 6,036,935 \$ 789,490 \$ 4,770,488	Fund balance - beginning	4,019,748	301,838	3,944,941
	Fund balance - ending	\$ 6,036,935	\$ 789,490	\$ 4,770,488

The accompanying "Notes to Financial Statements" are an integral part of this statement.

Capital Construction Project	Other Governmental	Total
_		
\$ -	\$ 600	\$ 8,490,324
14,738	-	78,090
-	360,728	2,221,888
-	1,109,715	35,036,478
-	7,298,887	9,910,382
	644,977	644,977
14,738	9,414,907	56,382,139
84,256	3,554,398	14,354,696
(1,177)	1,317,008	11,591,971
-	19,149	687,788
-	886,748	3,992,651
-	-	539,519
		20,549
83,079	5,777,303	31,187,174
-	17,005	1,574,349
-	58,868	1,510,515
-	10,129	472,112
-	-	352,634
-	<u>-</u>	2,569,326
-	162,599	1,456,966
16,636	556,556	4,180,492
-	43,055	2,059,876
-	77,887	188,670
46.626	75,194	75,194
16,636	1,001,293	14,440,134
-	<u>-</u>	2,173,448
	740,929	740,929
	740,929	2,914,377
2,784,128	1,079,252	4,056,334
_	_	1,135,000
_	_	1,450,900
		2,585,900
2,883,843	8,598,777	55,183,919
(2,869,105)	816,130	1,198,220
264,230	638,539	1,532,102
-	(981,960)	(1,532,102)
264,230	(343,421)	
(2,604,875)	472,709	1,198,220
3,954,631	2,009,142	14,230,300
\$ 1,349,756	\$ 2,481,851	\$ 15,428,520

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total net changes in fund balances for year ended June 30, 2021	\$ 1,198,220
Add: Capital outlay which is considered expenditures Less: Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2021 Less: Loss on disposal of assets Add: Amortization expense on bond	4,056,334 (828,600) (5,133) 9,743
Elimination of interfund revenues and expenditures: Add: Interfund transfers out Less: Interfund transfers in	1,532,102 (1,532,102)
Add: Debt principal retirement considered as an expenditure Less: Change in compensated absences Less: Change in OPEB obligation	1,135,000 84,310 (3,492)
Less: Difference between interest on long-term debt on modified accrual basis and interest on long-term debt on accrual basis	14,083
Add: Difference between revenue earned on property taxes on modified accrual basis and revenue on property taxes on accrual basis	(10,736)
Add: Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,338,625
Less: Change in net pension liability	 (6,360,240)
Change in net position for year ended June 30, 2021	\$ 2,628,114

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNFICIANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Post Falls School District No. 273 (the "School District") operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational and supportive services as mandated by the State of Idaho and/or federal agencies. This Board of Trustees controls the School District's instructional and support facilities.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Post Falls School District No. 273, this includes general operations, school lunch, and debt service and student and supportive service activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The financial statements of Post Falls School District No. 273 have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

<u>New Pronouncements</u> - During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District implemented GASB No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result, student body funds have been included in the financial statements and beginning net assets was increased by \$885,054 to include prior year net assets previously reported as agency funds.

The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below:

B. Basis of Presentation – government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

C. Basis of Presentation - fund financial statements

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are categorized as governmental.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Presentation – fund financial statements (Concluded)

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the laws of the State of Idaho.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> – Child nutrition is a program that provides nourishing meals to students in all grades. This program is supplemented by federal funds that are based on reimbursement and participation.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term obligation bonds including principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Capital Construction Project Fund</u> – The Capital Construction Project fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of costs that are legally restricted for major capital improvements currently related to the proceeds of the 2019 general obligation bonds.

The School District reports the following non-major governmental fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – The special revenue funds account for other resources for and the payment of costs in which the use is restricted or assigned to a particular purpose.

<u>Capital Projects - Nonmajor</u> – The plant facilities fund accounts for tax revenue sources that are legally restricted for capital improvements.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in the governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School District.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

In the following funds, cash received by the School District is pooled for investment purposes and is presented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements: General fund, child nutrition fund, debt service fund, capital projects, and other governmental. Interest earned in the pooled accounts is allocated to the participating funds in proportion to the average daily balances in each fund.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, investments were limited to the Idaho State Investment Pool.

The District invests in one 2a-7-like pools, the Idaho State Investment Pool. The advisory board of the Idaho State Investment Pool is composed of members appointed pursuant to the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act. The Idaho State Investment Pool is duly chartered and administered by the State Treasurer's office and consists of US Treasury bills and notes, collateralized certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements.

Following GASB 72, ¶69 and ¶B62 the balance that the District has in the Idaho State Investment Pool is carried at cost, which materially approximates fair market value.

The District considers funds held in the Idaho State Investment Pool to be cash equivalents, as the District is able to liquidate their account at any time.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments in the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

F. Capital Assets

General capital assets typically result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of four thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements and interest incurred during the construction of capital assets are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Capital Assets (Concluded)

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure of the School District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	40 years
Modulars	15 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Library books	10 years
Buses	10 years
Other vehicles	5 years

G. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments and the noncurrent portion of capital leases, which will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premiums and bond discounts. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses in the year incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums, bond discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued, and premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources.

H. Compensated Absences

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability. The benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees who qualify.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Compensated Absences (Concluded)

Sick leave benefits are not accrued as a liability, since sick leave benefits are only paid when used and not upon termination.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The district has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred outflows relating to the accounting for the net pension obligation on the government-wide statement of net position, in accordance with GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and in accordance with GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The District has one type of item, which arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The District has one type of item, which arises under full accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resources, is reported only on the government-wide statement of net position. The government-wide statement of net position reports proportionate share of collective deferred inflows of resources from one source: accounting for the net pension obligation, in accordance with GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

J. Fund Balance Classifications

The School District has adopted GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (required implementation date of June 2011). This Statement establishes criteria for classifying governmental fund balances into specifically defined classifications. Classifications are hierarchical and are based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds may be spent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Fund Balance Classifications (Concluded)

Application of the Statement requires the School District to classify, and report amounts in the appropriate fund balance classifications. The School District's accounting and finance policies are used to interpret the nature and/or requirements of the funds and their corresponding assignment of nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

The School District reports the following classifications:

Nonspendable Fund Balance — Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: (a) not in spendable form—such as inventory or prepaid insurance, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact—such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity.

Restricted Fund Balance — Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restrictions are placed on fund balances when legally enforceable legislation establishes a specific purpose for the funds—such as the School District's federal award revenue, which must be used to fund federally defined title programs. Legal enforceability means that the School District can be compelled by an external party (e.g., citizens, public interest groups, the judiciary) to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed Fund Balance — Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by the Board of Trustees. Amounts in the committed fund balance classification may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance — Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: (a) the Director of Finance, or (b) an appointed body (e.g., a budget or finance committee) or official to which the Trustees have delegated the authority to assign, modify, or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balance includes: (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the general fund) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed, and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund, are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type. Assignment within the general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the School District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance — Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents general fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the School District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider whether restricted fund balances have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balances. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

L. Net Position Flow Assumptions

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Sometimes the School District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restrict bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restrict – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

M. Property Taxes

Property taxes levied each November based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous September tax rolls. Assessed values are an approximation of market value. The County Assessor establishes assessed values. Property tax payments are due in one-half installments in December and June. Property taxes become a lien on the property when it is levied.

N. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Trustees and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

O. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund and additions to/deductions from Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Sick Leave Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, debt service, and capital project funds. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the general fund, special revenue funds, and debt service funds. This is in conformance with Idaho State Statutes which require that appropriations lapse at the end of a fiscal year and are not available to be carried forward to be used in addition to the succeeding year's appropriation.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) The School District publishes a proposed budget for public review.
- b) Public hearings are set to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c) Prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the Board of Trustees and published.
- d) The final budget is then filed with the State Department of Education. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the budget was amended to reflect revised revenue and expense estimates. The amendment was properly approved by the Board of Trustees.

<u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u> – At the close of each year all unspent appropriations revert to the respective funds from which they were appropriated and become subject to future appropriation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the School District's investments and deposits. The School District is authorized to invest in demand deposits, savings accounts, U.S. Government obligations and its agencies, obligations of Idaho and its agencies, fully collateralized repurchase agreements, prime domestic commercial paper, prime domestic bankers acceptances, bonds, debentures or notes of any corporation organized, controlled and operating within the U.S. which have at their purchase an "A" rating or higher, government pool and money market funds consisting of any of these securities listed. No violations of these categories have occurred during the year.

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a financial institution, the School District's deposits and investments may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2021, the School District's deposits and investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk. The School District's deposits and investments are insured and collateralized as follows:

Deposits without exposure to custodial credit risk:

D -		:1
υe	pos	Its:

Deposits.	
Amount insured by FDIC or other agencies	\$ 2,187,443
Amount collateralized with securities held in trust, but not in the District's name	15,548,430
Total deposits without exposure to custodial credit risk	17,735,873
Deposits with exposure to custodial credit risk:	
Deposits:	
Amount uninsured / uncollateralized	283,796
Total deposits with exposure to custodial credit risk	283,796
Total deposits	\$ 18,019,669
The carrying amount of deposits is displayed in the statements as follows:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,414,301

Credit Risk:

The Idaho State Investment Pool does not have an established credit rating but invests in entities with a minimum credit rating of "A" as stipulated by Idaho code. Financial information on the investment pool can be obtained by contacting the Idaho State Treasurer.

NOTE 4: RECEIVABLES

The receivables as of June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

Total carrying value of cash and cash equivalents

Taxes receivable	\$ 3,303,329
State of Idaho	2,282,757
Other	172
	\$ <u>5,586,258</u>

(Continued)

16,414,301

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Following is a recap of capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 2,762,065	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,762,065
Construction-in-progress	11,515,814	898,974	-	(10,742,284)	1,672,504
Total nondepreciable capital assets	14,277,879	898,974		(10,742,284)	4,434,569
Depresiable capital assets:					
Depreciable capital assets: Buildings and sites	71,167,719	2,740,425		10,742,284	84,650,428
Portable classrooms	582.943	2,740,423	_	10,742,204	582.943
Buses	3,407,266	187.062	187.982	-	3,406,346
Other vehicles	247,402	200.608	107,302	_	448,010
Equipment	4,041,765	29,265	_	_	4,071,030
Total depreciable capital assets	79,447,095	3,157,360	187,982	10,742,284	93,158,757
rotal appropriation capital accord	10,111,000	0,101,000	101,002	10,7 12,201	00,100,101
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and sites	29,702,400	411,666	-	-	30,114,066
Portable classrooms	582,943	-	-	-	582,943
Buses	2,257,064	187,062	182,849	-	2,261,277
Other vehicles	186,761	159,422	-	-	346,183
Equipment	2,710,459	70,450			2,780,909
Total accumulated depreciation	35,439,627	828,600	182,849		36,085,378
Total depreciable capital assets, net	44,007,468	2,328,760	5,133	10,742,284	57,073,379
Total capital assets, net	\$ 58,285,347	\$ 3,227,734	\$ 5,133	\$ -	\$ 61,507,948

Depreciation expense of 828,600 for the year ended June 30, 2021 was charged to the following governmental functions:

INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES:

Elementary	\$ 452,625
Secondary	114,580
Business administration	7,902
Maintenance	25,241
Transportation	228,252
	\$ 828 600

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONCLUDED)

Following is a recap of the June 30, 2021 balances by generic location:

	Elementary		nentary Secondary		Administration		Total	
Land	\$	527,702	\$	1,025,534	\$	1,208,829	\$	2,762,065
Construction in process		714,683		957,085		736		1,672,504
Buildings and portables		44,286,263		39,418,591		1,528,517		85,233,371
Buses		-		-		3,406,346		3,406,346
Other vehicles		-		-		448,010		448,010
Equipment		1,576,042		1,935,703		559,285		4,071,030
	\$	47,104,690	\$	43,336,913	\$	7,151,723	\$	97,593,326

NOTE 6: ACCRUED PAYROLL AND VACATION BENEFITS

Accrued payroll includes amounts due to contracted teachers and other employees at June 30, 2021, which were not paid until July and August 2021, in conformity with contractual stipulations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 7: BONDS PAYABLE

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, 2019

On March 12, 2019, School District 273 voters approved \$15,935,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019, with interest ranging from 4% to 5%. Pursuant to this authority, the sale of bonds followed on May 15, 2019, with net proceeds of \$19,163,607 (including principal of \$15,935,000, premiums of \$3,228,607 less issuance costs of \$163,607) and repayment that began in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The bond sale proceeds were for the construction of a new elementary school in the amount of \$12,500,000 and \$6,500,000 to be used to update and enhance numerous schools. Bond funds would also be used to purchase land for future school sites.

SERIES 2019

Year Ending	Interest			
June 30,	Rate	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2022	4.00%	\$ 545,000	\$ 719,850	\$ 1,264,850
2023	4.00%	565,000	697,650	1,262,650
2024	4.00%	590,000	674,550	1,264,550
2025	4.00%	615,000	650,450	1,265,450
2026	4.00%	640,000	625,350	1,265,350
2027	4.00%	665,000	599,250	1,264,250
2028	4.00%	690,000	572,150	1,262,150
2029	4.00%	715,000	544,050	1,259,050
2030	5.00%	745,000	511,125	1,256,125
2031	5.00%	785,000	472,875	1,257,875
2032	5.00%	825,000	432,625	1,257,625
2033	5.00%	865,000	390,375	1,255,375
2034	5.00%	905,000	346,125	1,251,125
2035	5.00%	950,000	299,750	1,249,750
2036	5.00%	1,000,000	251,000	1,251,000
2037	5.00%	1,050,000	199,750	1,249,750
2038	5.00%	1,100,000	146,000	1,246,000
2039	5.00%	1,155,000	89,625	1,244,625
2040	5.00%	1,215,000	30,375	1,245,375
		\$ 15,620,000	\$ 8,252,925	\$ 23,872,925

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 7: BONDS PAYABLE (CONCLUDED)

GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS, 2015B

SERIES 2015B

Year Ending	Interest	Dulmain	_1	lusta na at	Tatal
June 30,	Rate	Principa	<u>ai</u>	Interest	 Total
2022	4.00%	\$ 855	5,000 \$	680,350	\$ 1,535,350
2023	4.00%	890	,000	645,450	1,535,450
2024	4.00%	925	5,000	609,150	1,534,150
2025	4.00%	960	,000	571,450	1,531,450
2026	4.00%	1,000	,000	532,250	1,532,250
2027	4.00%	1,040	,000	491,450	1,531,450
2028	4.00%	1,080	,000	449,050	1,529,050
2029	5.00%	1,125	,000	399,325	1,524,325
2030	5.00%	1,180	,000	341,700	1,521,700
2031	4.00%	1,240	,000	287,400	1,527,400
2032	4.00%	1,290	,000	236,800	1,526,800
2033	5.00%	1,340	,000	177,500	1,517,500
2034	5.00%	1,405	,000	108,875	1,513,875
2035	5.00%	1,475	,000	36,875	1,511,875
		\$ 15,805	5,000 \$	5,567,625	\$ 21,372,625

NOTE 8: CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT AND CURRENT MATURITIES

	Total General Obligation Bonds Payable		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	37,494,955	
Payment of principal - 2015B Bonds		(820,000)	
Payment of principal - 2019 GO Bonds Amortization of 2019 GO bond premiums		(315,000) (9,743)	
Balance, end of year	\$	36,350,212	
Current portion	\$	1,400,000	
Long-term portion, net of premium	\$	34,950,212 36,350,212	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 8: CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT AND CURRENT MATURITIES (CONCLUDED)

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions this past year and amounts due within the next year:

			Con	npensated	
	Bo	nds Payable_	A	bsences	Total
Balance, July 1, 2020	\$	37,494,955	\$	207,061	\$ 37,702,016
Amortization of bond premium		(9,743)		-	(9,743)
Retirements/payments		(1,135,000)		(84,310)	 (1,219,310)
Balance, June 30, 2021		36,350,212		122,751	36,472,963
Current portion		1,400,000		122,751	 1,522,751
Long-term portion, net of premium	\$	34,950,212	\$	-	\$ 34,950,212

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

Post Falls School District contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies, and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2021, it was 7.16% for general employees and 8.81% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94% for general employees and 12.28% for police and firefighters. Post Falls School District's contributions were \$3,338,625 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, Post Falls School District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.7593490 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,360,240. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows of esources	Deferred Inflows o Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,021,091	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions	298,208		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,377,685		575,759	
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions	-		60,974	
Post Falls School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 3,313,105			
Total	\$ 7,010,089	\$	636,733	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

\$3,313,105 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2020 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2021 is 4.8 and 4.7 for the measurement period June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2021	\$ 56,947
2022	\$ 742,775
2023	\$ 1,008,123
2024	\$ 1,313,379

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assume exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases**	3.75%
Salary inflation	3.75%

Investment rate of return 7.05%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments 1.00%

^{*3.75%} of 1% depending on whether the member was hired on or before July 1, 2012.

^{**}There is an additional component of assumed salary grown (on top of the 3.75%) that varies for each individual member based on years of service

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Mortality rates were based on the RP - 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- · No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions including mortality. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2021, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date July 1, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of 2020.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Nominal Rate of Return (Arithmetic)	Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Core Fixed Income	30.00%	2.80%	0.55%
Broad US Equities	55.00%	8.55%	6.30%
Developed Foreign Equities	15.00%	8.70%	6.45%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.25%	2.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.85%	4.60%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.33%	12.33%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return		6.25%	3.89%
Assumed Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses		5.85%	3.49%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses			4.14%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			14.16%
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board			
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses			4.05%
Assumed Inflation			3.00%
Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses			7.05%

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONCLUDED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.05%)	rent Discount ate (7.05%)	1% Increase (8.05%)	
Employer's net pension liability (asset) - Employer	\$36,160,632	\$ 17,633,088	\$ 2,313,828	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2021, the District reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$564,812 for legally required employer contributions and \$322,313 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 10: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The School District participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs including the National Child Nutrition Program, Title I, IDEA-B, and Carl Perkins grants. These programs are subject to further review and audit by the grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT

Post Falls School District No. 273 is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The School District contracts with an insurance company for property insurance and general liability insurance.

General and professional liability is protected by an outside insurance company with a \$2,000,000 single occurrence limit, \$5,000,000 aggregate limit and a deductible of \$2,500. Vehicles are also covered by the same insurance company and have a \$1,000 deductible for comprehensive and collision. Automobile liability has a \$3,000,000 combined single limit of liability.

The School District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a predetermined rate. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Post Falls School District No. 273 provides medical and dental insurance to most employees.

NOTE 12: POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

Plan Description

Post Falls School District No. 273 contributes to the Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund (Sick Leave Plan) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits that are administered by PERSI that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies, and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for the Sick Leave Plan. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Sick Leave Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

OPEB Benefits

Group retiree health, dental, accident, and life insurance premiums may qualify as a benefit. Retirees who have a sick leave account can use their balance as a credit towards these premiums paid directly to the applicable insurance company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 12: POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Employer Contributions

The contribution rate for employers is set by statute at .065% of covered compensation for state members. Covered school members contribution rates are set by statute based on the number of sick days offered by the employer. The contribution rate of 1.16% for school members with nine or ten sick days, 1.26% for school members with 11-14 sick days. The Retirement Board approved an 18-month rate holiday from January 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021. During the rate holiday, all sick leave contribution rates are 0%. If a school member has more than 14 days of sick leave, then the contribution rate will be set by the PERSI Retirement Board based on current cost and actuarial data and reviewed annually. The District's contributions were \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Expense Offset), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported an asset for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the District's share of contributions relative to the total contributions of all participating Sick Leave employers. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 1.6655995 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2021 the District recognized OPEB expense (expense offset) of (\$93,424). \$285,169 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEBs resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB asset in the year ending June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. The Sick Leave Plan amortizes any net OPEB asset based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Sick Leave Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation3.00%Salary increases3.75%Salary inflation3.75%

Investment rate of return 7.05%, net of investment expenses

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The health care trend rate is not applicable as the benefit amount a participant will receive is established with a set amount upon retirement thus would have no impact.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 12: POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return (Arithmetic)	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Core Fixed Income	30.00%	2.80%	0.55%
Broad US Equities	55.00%	8.55%	6.30%
Developed Foreign Equities	15.00%	8.70%	6.45%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.25%	2.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.85%	4.60%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.33%	12.33%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return		6.25%	3.89%
Assumed Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses		5.85%	3.49%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses			4.14%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			14.16%
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board			
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses			4.05%
Assumed Inflation			3.00%
Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses			7.05%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of OPEB plan investment expense but without reduction for OPEB plan administrative expense.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 12: POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONCLUDED)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	% Decrease (6.05%)	rent Discount ate (7.05%)	1º 	% Increase (8.05%)
Total June 30, 2021 OPEB asset	\$	1,783,082	\$ 2,050,862	\$	2,298,667

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Payables to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2021, the District reported payables to the defined benefit OPEB plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 13: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description and OPEB Benefits

Upon separation from public school employment by retirement in accordance with Chapter 13, Title 59, Idaho Code, a retiree may continue to pay premiums for the retiree and the retiree's dependents at the rate for the active employee's group health, long-term care, vision, prescription drug and dental insurance programs as maintained by the employer for the active employees until the retiree and/or the retiree's spouse becomes eligible for Medicare at which time the District shall make available a supplemental program to Medicare for the eligible individual.

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$1,596,443 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 13: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Salary increases 3.75% Discount rate 2.27%

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 100% of projected health premiums for retirees

Healthcare cost trend rates:

		Prescription	
Fiscal year ending	Medical	Drugs	Dental
2020*	5.5%	5.5%	3.7%
2021	7.0%	7.0%	3.5%
2022	6.5%	6.5%	3.0%
2023	6.0%	6.0%	2.5%
2024	5.9%	5.9%	2.0%
2025	5.7%	5.7%	2.0%
2026	5.6%	5.6%	2.0%
2027	5.5%	5.5%	2.0%
2028	5.3%	5.3%	2.0%
2029-2045	5.2%	5.2%	2.0%
2046	5.1%	5.1%	2.0%
2047-2048	5.0%	5.0%	2.0%
2049-2051	4.9%	4.9%	2.0%
2052-2055	4.8%	4.8%	2.0%
2056-2060	4.7%	4.7%	2.0%
2061-2067	4.6%	4.6%	2.0%
2068	4.5%	4.5%	2.0%
2069	4.4%	4.4%	2.0%
2070	4.3%	4.3%	2.0%
2071-2072	4.2%	4.2%	2.0%
2073	4.1%	4.1%	2.0%
2074-2075	4.0%	4.0%	2.0%
2076	3.9%	3.9%	2.0%
2077+	3.8%	3.8%	2.0%

^{*}Trends based on actual renewal rates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 13: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 2.27%. The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-bond municipal bond index for bonds that mature in 20 years. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table with generational mortality adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of a 2016 PERSI Investigation of Experience Study.

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$	1,469,644	
Changes for the year:			
Service cost		170,845	
Interest on total OPEB liability		39,330	
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		29,882	
Expected benefit payments		(113,258)	
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	1,596,443	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and health-care cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% ———	%Decrease (1.27%)	rent Discount ate (2.27%)	 %Increase (3.27%)
Total June 30, 2021 OPEB liability	\$	1,710,420	\$ 1,596,443	\$ 1,486,483

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Current Trend						
	19	6 Decrease		Rate	19	%Increase	
Total June 30, 2021 OPEB liability	\$	1,395,012	\$	1,596,443	\$	1,836,066	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 13: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONCLUDED)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense (offset) of \$96,917. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 red Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions and other	\$	-	\$ 647,792
inputs		-	223,234
Total	\$	-	\$ 871,026

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement period ending June	30:	
2021	\$	(62,346)
2022		(60,235)
2023		(60,235)
Thereafter		(704,038)

NOTE 14: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables, which are due to the pooling of cash:

	Receivable		Payable
General fund	\$	895,288	\$ -
Title I Disadvantaged		-	80,403
Cares Act ESSERF		-	190
CRRSA Act ESSER II		-	718,386
IDEA-B School Age		-	66,975
IDEA-B Preschool		-	3,998
Title IV-A Student Support		-	2,450
Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality			 22,886
	\$	895,288	\$ 895,288

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

NOTE 15: INTERFUND TRANFERS

Interfund transfers occur for many reasons and may occur either one time or be annually reoccurring. Some of these reasons include covering operations expenses and charging allowable indirect costs to federal title programs. The following is a summary of current year transfers:

	Tr	ansfer in	Tra	ansfer out
General fund	\$	569,217	\$	522,424
Child Nutrition	·	60,116		27,718
Capital projects		264,230		-
Non-major		638,539		981,960
Total	_ \$	1,532,102	\$	1,532,102

NOTE 16: DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The funds listed below had a deficit balance as of June 30, 2021:

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

IDEA-B School Age \$18,702

NOTE 17: EXCESS ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

The following is a schedule of an excess of functional expenditures over appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2021. Also included are the actual revenues realized in each of those funds.

	Final Budgeted Actual		Excess of Budgeted	Actual
<u>Funds</u>	Expenditures	Expenditures	Expenditures	Revenues
Child Nutrition	\$ 2,157,874	\$ 2,194,742	\$ 36,868	\$ 2,649,996

NOTE 18: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through November 4, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

FINANCIAL SECTION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GASB 75 Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Asset PERSI – OPEB Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years *

PERSI - OPEB PLAN	2021	2020	2019	2018
Employer's portion of net the OPEB asset	1.6655995%	1.8205737%	1.8312852%	1.8250891%
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 2,050,862	\$ 1,743,753	\$ 1,518,959	\$ 1,400,992
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$23,232,609	\$22,392,876	\$25,740,859	\$24,618,453
Employer's proportional share of the net OPEB asset as a percentage	8.83%	7.79%	5.90%	5.69%

152.87%

138.51%

135.69%

136.78%

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB Asset * GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However,

until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2020 (measurement date).

Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI – OPEB Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years *

	2	021		2020		2019		2018
Statutorily required contribution	\$	-	\$	149,665	\$	298,594	\$	285,574
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	_	-	_	149,665	_	298,594	_	285,574
Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Employer's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$23,2	232,609 0.00%	\$22	2,392,876 0.67%	\$2	5,740,859 1.16%	\$24	4,618,453 1.16%

^{*} GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2021.

of its covered-employee payroll

GASB 75 Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 - Fiscal Years *

Total OPEB Liability	2021	2020	2019	2018
Service cost	\$ 170,845	\$ 176,130	\$ 175,526	\$ 168,891
Interest on total OPEB liability	39,330	87,557	80,481	80,728
Effect of differences in experience	-	(448,301)	-	(199,491)
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	29,882	(604,024)	75,576	275,332
Expected benefit payments	(113,258)	(156,048)	(129,690)	(115,386)
Net change in total OPEB liability	126,799	(944,686)	201,893	210,074
Total OPEB liability, beginning Total OPEB liability, ending	1,469,644 \$ 1,596,443	2,414,330 \$ 1,469,644	2,212,437 \$ 2,414,330	2,002,363 \$ 2,212,437
Covered employee payroll	\$23,232,609	\$22,392,876	\$25,740,859	\$24,618,453
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered employee payroll	6.87%	6.56%	9.38%	8.99%

^{*} GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2020 (measurement date).

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 5,075,000	\$ 5,115,000	\$ 5,247,282	\$ 132,282
Interest and investment earnings	80,000	80,000	55,417	(24,583)
Other local revenue	11,500	26,305	1,822,659	1,796,354
State assistance and reimbursements	34,243,097	33,809,981	33,765,693	(44,288)
Total revenues	39,409,597	39,031,286	40,891,051	1,859,765
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional services:				
Elementary programs	11,903,411	10,829,284	10,716,042	113,242
Secondary programs	10,014,432	10,282,561	10,276,140	6,421
Alternative school programs	743,912	667,794	668,639	(845)
Exceptional child programs	3,098,728	3,077,094	3,105,903	(28,809)
Activity programs	611,318	587,826	539,519	48,307
Other programs	51,000	20,550	20,549	1
Total instructional services	26,422,801	25,465,109	25,326,792	138,317
Support services:				
Guidance and health programs	1,686,072	1,557,572	1,557,344	228
Special services	1,457,229	1,441,229	1,451,647	(10,418)
Improvement and media	439,701	470,701	461,983	8,718
District administration	363,755	357,655	352,634	5,021
School administration	2,780,429	2,490,429	2,569,326	(78,897)
Business administration	1,216,903	1,290,603	1,294,367	(3,764)
Maintenance	3,644,036	3,426,766	3,607,300	(180,534)
Transportation	2,105,881	2,138,881	2,016,821	122,060
Security	216,207	216,207	110,783	105,424
Total support services	13,910,213	13,390,043	13,422,205	(32,162)
Capital outlay	261,000	172,500	171,660	840
Total expenditures	40.594.014	39,027,652	38,920,657	106.995
'				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,184,417)	3,634	1,970,394	1,966,760
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	149,005	67,784	569,217	501,433
Transfers (out)	(264,588)	(520,206)	(522,424)	(2,218)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(115,583)	(452,422)	46,793	499,215
Net change in fund balances	(1,300,000)	(448,788)	2,017,187	2,465,975
Fund balances - beginning	2,800,000	4,019,748	4,019,748	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 3,570,960	\$ 6,036,935	\$ 2,465,975

CHILD NUTRITION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	l Amounts				
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Other local revenue	\$ 584,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 38,501	\$ 8,501		
Title programs and other federal revenues	1,470,000	2,119,617	2,611,495	491,878		
Total revenues	2,054,000	2,149,617	2,649,996	500,379		
EXPENDITURES						
Non-instructional services:						
Food services	2,144,874	2,131,874	2,173,448	(41,574)		
Capital outlay	26,000	26,000	21,294	4,706		
Total expenditures	2,170,874	2,157,874	2,194,742	(36,868)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(116,874)	(8,257)	455,254	463,511		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in	53,958	48,958	60,116	11,158		
Transfers (out)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(27,718)	(2,718)		
Total other financing sources	28,958	23,958	32,398	8,440		
Net change in fund balances	(87,916)	15,701	487,652	471,951		
Fund balances - beginning	238,111	301,838	301,838			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 150,195	\$ 317,539	\$ 789,490	\$ 471,951		

GASB 68 Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule of Employers's Share of Net Pension Liability PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years *

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's portion of the net pension liability	0.7593490%	0.7645529%	0.7652822%	0.7490712%	0.7601928%	0.7614323%	0.7646000%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$17,633,088	\$ 8,726,883	\$11,288,046	\$11,774,113	\$15,410,276	\$10,026,825	\$ 5,628,300
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$27,961,684	\$27,109,783	\$25,740,859	\$24,618,453	\$23,382,298	\$22,248,569	\$20,665,425
Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its							
covered employee payroll	63.06%	32.19%	43.85%	47.83%	65.91%	45.07%	27.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	88.22%	93.79%	91.69%	90.68%	87.26%	91.38%	94.95%

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2020 (measurement date).

Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years *

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 3,338,625	\$ 3,202,999	\$ 2,913,865	\$ 2,786,809	\$ 2,646,875	\$ 2,518,538	\$ 2,402,598
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	3,338,625	3,202,999	2,913,865	2,786,809	2,646,875	2,518,538	2,402,598
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's covered-employee payroll of its covered employee payroll	\$27,961,684	\$27,109,783	\$25,740,859	\$24,618,453	\$23,382,298	\$22,248,569	\$21,219,407
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.94%	11.81%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2021.

FINANCIAL SECTION

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - BY FUND TYPE June 30, 2021

		Special Capital Revenue Projects			Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,013,777	\$	1,025,752	\$ 3,039,529
Accounts receivable:					
State of Idaho		1,292,620		-	 1,292,620
Total assets	\$	3,306,397		1,025,752	4,332,149
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	66,564	\$	418,122	\$ 484,686
Accrued payroll		470,324		-	470,324
Due to other funds		895,288		-	895,288
Total liabilities		1,432,176		418,122	1,850,298
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted		470,808		306,225	777,033
Assigned		1,403,413		301,405	1,704,818
Total fund balances		1,874,221		607,630	2,481,851
	_				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	3,306,397	\$	1,025,752	\$ 4,332,149

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BY FUND TYPE For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 600	\$ 600
Other local revenue	360,728	-	360,728
State assistance and reimbursements	651,081	458,634	1,109,715
Title programs and other federal revenues	7,298,887	-	7,298,887
Student body activity	644,977	-	644,977
Total revenues	8,955,673	459,234	9,414,907
EXPENDITURES			
Instructional services:			
Elementary programs	3,554,398	-	3,554,398
Secondary programs	1,317,008	-	1,317,008
Alternative school program	19,149	-	19,149
Exceptional child program	886,748	-	886,748
Support services:			
Guidance and health programs	17,005	-	17,005
Business administration	162,599	-	162,599
Maintenance	338,982	217,574	556,556
Transportation	43,055	-	43,055
Special services	58,868	-	58,868
Improvement and media	10,129	-	10,129
Security	77,887	-	77,887
Child nutrition program	75,194	-	75,194
Student body activity	740,929	-	740,929
Capital outlay	503,084	576,168	1,079,252
Total expenditures	7,805,035	793,742	8,598,777
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,150,638	(334,508)	816,130
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers in	470,166	168,373	638,539
Transfers (out)	(981,960)	-	(981,960)
Total other financing sources	(511,794)	168,373	(343,421)
Net change in fund balances	638,844	(166,135)	472,709
Fund balance beginning	1,235,377	773,765	2,009,142
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,874,221	\$ 607,630	\$ 2,481,851

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2021

	Forest Reserve Fund Medicaid		Af	efore and ter School Program	o Kid ungry	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	84,528	\$ 355,130	\$	298,159	\$ 321
Accounts receivable:						
State of Idaho		-	2,423		16,406	-
Total assets	\$	84,528	\$ 357,553	\$	314,565	\$ 321
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	369	\$ -
Accrued payroll		-	60,465		81,501	-
Due to other funds		-	-		-	 -
Total liabilities		_	60,465		81,870	 -
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted		-	-		-	321
Assigned		84,528	297,088		232,695	
Total fund balances		84,528	297,088		232,695	321
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	84,528	\$ 357,553	\$	314,565	\$ 321

Student			ares		CRRSA			
Activity			Act	_	Act	ARP		
	Fund	ES	SERF		SSER II	ESSER III		
\$	789,102	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		190		772,599		8,159	
\$	789,102	\$	190	\$	772,599	\$	8,159	
\$	=	\$	-	\$	54,213	\$	8,159	
	-		-		-		_	
			190		718,386		-	
	-		190		772,599		8,159	
	-		-		-		-	
	789,102				-		-	
	789,102							
\$	789,102	\$	190	\$	772,599	\$	8,159	

Coronavirus Relief Fund		Vocational Program		Te	Public School chnology	Drug Free State Money		
\$	-	\$	270	\$	476,558	\$	7,419	
			-		_		-	
\$	-	\$	270	\$	476,558	\$	7,419	
\$	- - - -	\$	270 - - 270	\$	1,253 - - 1,253	\$	- - - -	
	- - -		- - -		475,305 - 475,305		7,419 - 7,419	
\$	-	\$	270	\$	476,558	\$	7,419	

	Title 1		IDEA-B		IDEA-B		Carl
Disa	Disadvantaged		chool Age	Preschool		P	erkins
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,290
	259,523		188,267		13,777		_
\$	259,523	\$	188,267	\$	13,777	\$	2,290
\$	-	\$	536	\$	-	\$	-
	179,120		139,458		9,779		-
	80,403		66,975		3,998		-
	259,523		206,969		13,777		
	-		(18,702)		-		2,290
			_				
			(18,702)				2,290
\$	259,523	\$	188,267	\$	13,777	\$	2,290

Improving Teacher Quality	St	Title IV-A	Total		
\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,013,777	
23,541		7,735		1,292,620	
\$ 23,541	\$	7,735	\$	3,306,397	
\$ (3,512)	\$	5,276	\$	66,564	
1		-		470,324	
22,886		2,450		895,288	
 19,375		7,726		1,432,176	
4,166		9		470,808	
-		-		1,403,413	
4,166		9		1,874,221	
\$ 33,541	\$	7,735	\$	3,306,397	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Forest Reserve Fund		 Medicaid		Before and After School Program		No Kid Hungry	
REVENUES								
Local revenue	\$	-	\$ -	\$	332,871	\$	20,000	
State assistance and reimbursements		-	-		35,054		-	
Title programs and other federal revenues		25,316	724,255		206,930		-	
Student body activity		-	-		-		-	
Total revenues		25,316	 724,255		574,855		20,000	
EXPENDITURES								
Instructional services:								
Elementary programs		-	405,851		446,907		-	
Secondary programs		-	350,187		-		-	
Alternative school program		-	-		-		-	
Exceptional child program		-	129		-		-	
Support services:								
Guidance and health program		-	-		-		-	
Business administration		-	-		-		-	
Maintenance		-	-		-		-	
Transportation		-	-		-		-	
Special services		-	-		-		-	
Impovement and media		-	-		-		-	
Security		-	-		-		-	
Child nutrition program		-	-		-		25,179	
Student body activity		-	-		-		-	
Capital outlay		-	-		-		-	
Total expenditures		-	756,167		446,907		25,179	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-	329,000		-		(20,000)	
Transfers (out)		-	_		(9,927)		-	
Total other financing (uses)		-	329,000		(9,927)		(20,000)	
Net change in fund balance		25,316	297,088		118,021		(25,179)	
Fund balances - beginning		59,212			114,674		25,500	
Fund balances - ending	\$	84,528	\$ 297,088	\$	232,695	\$	321	

	Student		Cares		CRRSA			
1	Activity		Act		Act	ARP		
	Fund		ESSERF		ESSER II		SER III	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		994,471		772,599		8,159	
	644,977		-		-			
	644,977		994,471		772,599		8,159	
	_		173,386		175,340		_	
	-		14,489		405,357	8,159		
	-		-		8,062		-	
	-		-	9,267			-	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		107,311		-	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		15,813		-	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		3,461		-	
	740,929		-		-	-		
	-		422,847		29,374		-	
	740,929		610,722		753,985		8,159	
	_		_		_		_	
	_		(383,749)		(18,614)		_	
			(383,749)		(18,614)			
	(95,952)		-		- (10,014)			
	(00,002)							
	885,054		-		-		-	
\$	789,102	\$		\$	-	\$		

Coronavirus Relief Fund	Vocatio Progra		8	Public School chnology	Drug Free State Money		
\$ -	\$	_	\$	7,857	\$	_	
-	37	,529		503,191		75,307	
2,209,468		-		-		-	
		<u>- </u>				-	
2,209,468	37	,529		511,048		75,307	
919,804		-		119,333		-	
170,261	37	,529		141,254		75,307	
10,530		-		-		-	
97,804		-		-		-	
17,005		-		-		-	
74,057		-		88,542		-	
231,671		-		-		-	
43,055		-		-		-	
18,976		-		-		-	
7,646		-		-		-	
2,676		-		-		-	
46,554		-		-		-	
50,863		-		-		-	
1,690,902	37	,529		349,129		75,307	
1,090,902		,525		043,123		73,307	
_		_		161,166		_	
(518,566)		_		-		-	
(518,566)		-		161,166		-	
-		-		323,085		-	
				450,000		7.440	
		<u> </u>		152,220		7,419	
\$ -	\$	<u> </u>	\$	475,305	\$	7,419	

Title 1 Disadvantaged	IDEA-B School Age	IDEA-B Preschool	Carl Perkins		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
-	-	-	-		
1,127,228	785,927	7 38,273	83,713		
4 407 000	705.00	7 20 272			
1,127,228	785,927	38,273	83,713		
1,102,220	_	-	-		
-	-	-	87,816		
-	-	-	-		
-	742,733	36,815	-		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
-	23,444		-		
-	2,483	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
1,102,220	768,660	37,450	87,816		
.,,===					
_	_	-	-		
(25,008) (17,266	3) (823)	-		
(25,008		_	-		
-	_	i -	(4,103)		
	(18,703	3)	6,393		
\$ -	\$ (18,702	2) \$ -	\$ 2,290		

Improving Teacher Quality			Fitle IV-A lent Support	Total			
•		•		•	000 700		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	360,728		
	-		-		651,081		
	206,775		115,773		7,298,887		
	206 775		115 772		644,977		
	206,775		115,773		8,955,673		
	188,816		22,741		3,554,398		
	11,785		14,864		1,317,008		
	500		57		19,149		
	-		-		886,748		
	_				17,005		
	_		_		162,599		
	_		_		338,982		
	_		_		43,055		
	_		_		58,868		
	_		_		10,129		
	_		75,211		77,887		
	-		_		75,194		
	-		_		740,929		
	-		-		503,084		
	201,101		112,873		7,805,035		
	-		-		470,166		
	(5,116)		(2,891)		(981,960)		
	(5,116)		(2,891)		(511,794)		
	558		9		638,844		
	3,608				1,235,377		
\$	4,166	\$	9	\$	1,874,221		

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2021

	Lottery Fund		Plant Facility Fund		Bus Depreciation Fund		Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	301,405	\$	543,361	\$	180,986	\$ 1,025,752
Total assets	\$	301,405	\$	543,361	\$	180,986	\$ 1,025,752
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	418,122 418,122	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 418,122 418,122
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		-		125,239		180,986	306,225
Assigned		301,405		-		-	301,405
Total fund balances		301,405		125,239		180,986	607,630
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	301,405	\$	543,361	\$	180,986	\$ 1,025,752

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Lottery Fund		Plant Facility Fund		Bus Depreciation Fund		Total	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	600	\$	-	\$	600
Other state revenue		458,634		-		-		458,634
Total revenues		458,634		600				459,234
EXPENDITURES								
Support services:								
Maintenance		217,574		-		-		217,574
Capital outlay		13,778		469,756		92,634		576,168
Total expenditures		231,352		469,756		92,634		793,742
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		227,282		(469,156)		(92,634)		(334,508)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in		-		-		168,373		168,373
Total other financing sources		-		-		168,373		168,373
Net change in fund balances		227,282		(469,156)		75,739		(166,135)
Fund balances - beginning		74,123		594,395		105,247		773,765
Fund balances - ending	\$	301,405	\$	125,239	\$	180,986	\$	607,630

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN DEPOSIT BALANCES OF INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

School		Cash June 30, 2020		Receipts		Disbursements		Cash June 30, 2021	
West Ridge Elementary	\$	70,028	\$	7,541	\$	\$ 39,440		38,129	
Kindergarten Center		424		-		424		-	
Prairie View Elementary		45,452		18,807		9,163		55,096	
Ponderosa Elementary		34,277		15,359		26,609		23,027	
Seltice Elementary		26,765		11,736		10,290		28,211	
Mullan Trail Elementary		34,203		8,072		13,059		29,216	
Post Falls Middle School		82,334		33,684		54,581		61,437	
River City Middle School		48,185		20,330		33,933		34,582	
Post Falls High School		468,567		476,837		510,393		435,011	
New Vision High School		33,370		11,498		11,704		33,164	
Greensferry Elementary		41,449		12,259		14,811		38,897	
Treaty Rock Elementary				28,854		16,522		12,332	
	\$	885,054	\$	644,977	\$	740,929	\$	789,102	





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Post Falls School District No. 273 Post Falls, ID 83854

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Post Falls School District No. 273 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Post Falls School District No. 273's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 4, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Post Falls School District No. 273's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Post Falls School District No. 273's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Post Falls School District No. 273's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Post Falls School District No. 273's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONCLUDED)

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Magnuson, McHugh's Company, P.A.

Magnuson, McHugh, & Co., P.A.

November 4, 2021



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMAND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Post Falls School District No. 273 Post Falls, ID 83854

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Post Falls School District No. 273's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Post Falls School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Post Falls School District No. 273's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Post Falls School District No. 273's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Post Falls School District No. 273's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Post Falls School District No. 273's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Post Falls School District No. 273 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE (CONCLUDED)

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Post Falls School District No. 273 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Post Falls School District No. 273 's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Post Falls School District No. 273 's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Magnuson, McHugh, & Co., P.A.

Magnuson, McHugh's Company, P.A.

November 4, 2021

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed through State Department of Education:			
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	826000813	\$ 785,926
Special Education Preschool Grant (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	826000813	38,273
Total Special Education Cluster:			824,199
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	826000813	1,127,228
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title II-A)	84.367	826000813	206,217
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States			
(Carl Perkins)	84.048A	826000813	87,816
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	826000813	115,764
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425	826000813	1,775,229
Total Department of Education			4,136,453
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed through State of Idaho Department of Education:			
Nutrition Cluster:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	826000813	144,476
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	826000813	2,077,984
Total Nutrition Cluster:			2,222,460
Total Department of Agriculture			2,222,460
U.S. Department of Treasury			
Passed through State of Idaho Department of Education:	04.040	00000040	0.050.400
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	826000813	2,059,106
Total Department of Treasury			2,059,106
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed through State of Idaho Department of Education:			
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster:			
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	826000813	206,930
Total Department of Health and Human Services			206,930
TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			¢ 0 604 040
IOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 8,624,949

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

NOTE A: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal award activity of Post Falls School District No. 273 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Post Falls School District No. 273, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Post Falls School District No. 273.

NOTE B: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Post Falls School District No. 273 has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- (2) Pass-through identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C: FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2021, the School District had received food commodities totaling \$114,732.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I – <u>Summary of Auditor's Results</u>

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified	
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	YesX_ No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es) 	Yes <u>X</u> None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesX_No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	YesX_No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	Yes _X_ None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major pr	ograms: Unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major programs:	
<u>CFDA Number(s):</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010 84.425 21.019	Title 1 Grants to Local Education Agencies Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund Coronavirus Relief Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and ty	ype B programs: \$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section II. - Findings relating to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards

We noted no findings relating to the financial statement which are required to be reported in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.

Section III. - Findings and questioned costs for Federal Awards

We noted no findings relating to the financial statement which are required in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.

Section IV. - Summary of Prior Year Audit Findings Relating to Federal Awards

There were no findings relating to prior year audit findings relating to federal awards in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.